Bellefonte Watchman Republican.

Established In 1869 | "Let Us See To it that A Government of the People, for the People and by the People, Shall Not perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. | TERMS : $1.00 Per Year

VOL. XXXVI | BELLEFONTE, PA., THURSDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 10, 1903. | NO. 46

THE WORK OF THE FLAMES

Play Sad Havoc With Engine House of the C. R. R. Of Pa.

TWO ENGINES WERE DESTROYED

Fire Broke Out About 11:30 Wednesday Night and Spread With Great Rapidity—Loss is Quite Heavy and Hard to Estimate.

ORIGIN OF THE FIRE IS UNKNOWN

Bellefonte has been inflicted with quite a number of small fires during the past few months but none did serious damage until the one Wednesday night which destroyed between twenty and twenty five thousand dollars worth of valuable property, including rolling stock and buildings, belonging to the Central Railroad of Pennsylvania.

It was about 11:30 o'clock when the fire alarm sounded indicating by the long time the whistle sounded that the fire was out of town.

On investigation it proved to be the engine house of the Central Railroad of Pennsylvania located near the Fair ground.

Both the Logan and Undine fire companies hastened to the scene but the fire had spread with such rapidity that the building was almost totally destroyed when they reached there. The Logans were powerless to do anything as their fire engine was out at Lingle's foundry to be repaired. The Undine engine reached the scene promptly but for some reason they could not make it work or else the fire would not have been so disastrous.

When the fire broke out the engine house was in charge of Hostler Calvin Guiser, of Hecla, and his helper Mr Noonen of Milesburg. They were in the east end of the building at the time firing up engine 5 preparatory to its early morning run, when they discovered the building filling up with smoke and on investigation found the west end all in flames. The fire spread with great rapidity and in a few minutes the whole building was wrapped in flames.

The building that burned contained engine No 6, the handsome passenger engine known as Ne-ha-sa-ne, and engine No 3 in addition to all the material in the motive power department of the C. R. R. of Pa., all of which was destroyed. They also lost all their tools and machinery. Next the fire attacked the big water tank along the tracks and destroyed that. The paint shop, a large building covered with iron sheeting escaped the flames.

The hostler and his assistant made a desperate effort to save the two engines destroyed but on account of the intense heat it was impossible to get at them. They however secured the passenger coacher from the paint shop along with several cars containing material and placed them in safety.

The heaviest individual loss falls to T. J. Murphy, master mechanic, as all his fixtures and tools were burned up.

The railroad officials have not yet had time to estimate their loss which will be very heavy, but an outside estimate places it close to $25,000. It is said that the passenger engine "Ne-ha-sa-ne" cost $8,000 and the other one probably $6,000. We could not learn what insurance they carried if any.

The C. R. R., of Pa., this morning have put all their men to work clearing away the debris and will immediately rebuild.

The paint shop escaped destruction owing to the desperate efforts of men employed by the company.

Youngest Deer Slayer.

Mack Dunkle, the 12-year-old son of Landlord F. B. Dunkle of Jersey Shore, is the youngest hunter in this locality to capture a deer. Monday, while hunting near Carrol in Sugar valley, the youngster caught sight of a 120-pound deer and shot it. The animal got away from him and like an old hunter Dunkle went through the thicket after the game. After a half mile chase he landed his deer. It was on exhibition at the Hotel Dunkle in Jersey Shore Thursday.

Hospital Notes.

Miss Maud Barle a graduate nurse has returned to her home in Pittsburg.

Mr. Alfred Bottorff who underwent a serious operation for appendicitis has returned to his home at Scotia cured.

Mr. Clay Hall who was injured on the railroad a few weeks ago, is slowly inproving.

All the rest of the patients are getting along nicely.

POMONA GRANGE MEETING.

At Centre Hall—Election of Officers, Reports of Committees, Etc., of the Order.

The fourth quarterly meeting of the Centre County Pomona Grange was held in Grange Arcadia Centre Hall, Tuesday, Dec. 1.

A large representation was in attendance from all parts of the county. David Keller, master of the Grange at Centre Hall, delivered the address of welcome which was both interesting and instructive, and was listened to with wrapt attention. George Goodhart, of Fairview Grange, responded on behalf of the County Grange.

After the appointment of the various committees the Grange Encampment committee made its annual report, showing a balance in favor of the Pamona Grange of several hundred dollars. The Grange Fire Insurance company made its quarterly statement showing an increase in insurance of $225,000.

The treasurer of the County Grange stated that ten shares of the investments in Building and Loan Associations amounting to $1000.00 had matured and been paid into the County Grange treasury.

Free luncheon was served which was a pleasant and social part of the day's proceedings.

The degree of Pomona was conferred on a class of ten in a very impressive manner.

This being the time for the biennial election of officers, it was promptly proceeded with and resulted in the election of George Dale, Master; Jacob Yarnell, Overseer, Willard Dale, Lecturer; George Gingerich, Stewart; C. D. Keller, Asst. Stewart, D. M. Campbell, Secretary; Frank Musser, Treasurer; Roy Schaffer, Gate Keeper; Mrs. John Dale, Pomona; Miss Florence Flora; Marshall, Mrs. Nathan Grove, Ceres; Miss Edith Lutz, Lady Stewart; Executive committee, Geo. Dale, L. Rhone, Col. Weaver. David Keller Nathan Grove; Auditors of Grange Fire Insurance Company, Col. James F. Weaver for three years, and John S. Dale for two years, with James Gilliland holding over.

A resolution was adopted instructing the master to see that the funds in the treasury were safely reinvested.

It was decided to hold the first quarterly meeting of 1904 in the hall of the Bald Eagle Grange, Milesburg in January.

After the transaction of much other work, this, one of the most pleasant sessions of the Grange, closed with the expression by all that "it was good to have been there."

A Bad Runaway.

Last Sunday evening, as Edward K. Rhoads was taken his evening walk and had reached the bridge that crosses the creek near the Fair Grounds, he saw a horse attached to a buggy coming towards the bridge at a furious rate, it made the bridge and also the bridge over the old canal all right and turned towards Milesburg. Mr. Rhoads also noticed that the buggy was empty, and concluded that an occupant had been thrown out, hastened forward to find who it might be, and if needing help, to render such assistance as he could. It was now dark, and he was much excited. At the home of William Hampton, he inquired of Mr. and Mrs. Hampton if they had seen the runaway team, they had seen it, and when it passed the house it was occupied. Mr. Rhoads then requested them to go towards the bridge and look carefully, which they did. Mr. Rhoads going the other way. He had not gone far, when he heard Hamptons call, hasting to them, he found a man in the gutter, asked Hampton where the nearest telephone was, answered that it was at Shoemakers. He hastened to that place and telephoned for Dr. Geo. F. Harris who quickly answered the call.

While this was going on a number of persons that lived in that locality, had gathered at the spot where the man had fallen. They turned him over on his back and restored him so he could walk, but was still in a much dazed condition. Mr. Rhoads then went back to the bridge and intercepted the Dr., who he had ordered to go to the Nail Works store. The man had been taken to the barn on the Shoemaker place, was the farmer employed on the farm, Thomas Todsock by name. It was found that he was bruised about the head, had his right ear almost torn off, the Dr. taken six stitches to restore the member to its proper place, his head was cut, his face bruised and he was in a general state of demoralization but not seriously hurt.

Married—At 11:30, Monday morning by Rev. H. R. Bender at the Methodist parsonage in Lock Haven. Earle C. Tuten and Rebecca Cole both of Bellefonte.

MRS. CURTIN PASSED AWAY

Widow of the Famous War Governer Andrew Gregg Curtin.

SUDDENLY STRICKEN WITH APOPLEXY

Gentle, Kind and Motherly, She Was Held in the Highest Esteem by all Who Knew Her—A Friend of Soldier's Widows and Orphans.

FUNERAL AT 2;30 THIS AFTERNOON

Mrs. Catherine I. Curtin, widow of the Civil War Governor, Andrew G. Curtin, died suddenly at her home in this place Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

She had been feeling in unusual good health during the morning and had returned after 12 o'clock from making a few calls. She sat down to dinner with the family, when she was stricken with apoplexy. Her son-in-law, Dr. George F. Harris placed her on a sofa in the Library. She then became unconscious and died within an hour and 30 minutes.

The deceased was the daughter of Dr. William I. Wilson, at one time a prominent physician of Penn's Valley, where Mrs. Curtin was born Jan 17, 1821 making her age, 82 years, 10 months and 20 days. She was a lady of remarkable vitality for one of her advanced years.

On May 29, 1844 she was united in marriage to Andrew G. Curtin, then a promising young attorney at the Centre County bar. From 1860 to 1866 she dispensed charming hospitality as lady of the Executive Mansion at Harrisburg during her illustrious husbands term as Governor of Pennsylvania, and later, when President Grant appointed him minister to Russia, she accompanied him and won great praise for her grace and dignity.

She is survived by the following children: William W. Curtin, of Philadelphia; Mrs. K. R. Breeze, of Downington; Mrs. George F. Harris and Mrs. M. D. Burnet at home; also 13 grand-children and 6 great-grand children.

The following children preceded her to the tomb: Mrs. W. H. Sage who died at Ithaca, N. Y., Nov. 1, 1893; Myron Stanley Curtin died Jan. 13, 1857; and Bessie Elliott Curtin who died at Harrisburg, July 1, 1866.

Mrs. Curtin was a sincere christian lady, a member of the Presbyterian church and came of that grand old revolutionary stock the Potters, her mother being a grand daughter of General James Potter who served in the Revolution and her father having lived to the advanced age of 91 years.

During the 6 years she resided at Harrisburg she tenderly exerted her influence with her noble husband in the favor of every project for, and in the interest of suffering soldiers. She it was, who suggested to the Governor, of bringing the wounded from Southern battlefields and tenderly caring for them in quickly established hospitals; church and school houses was quickly filled with union and confederate soldiers. It is said, that it was at her suggestion, that the Soldiers Orphan schools were established.

The funeral services will be held at her late home this afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment private at 2:30 in Union cemetery.

A Disastrous Conflagration.

Philipsburg was visited Monday morning about 2:30 o'clock by a disastrous fire virtually destroying B. F. Hoffer's novelty store, Henry Schlater's barber shop, John Rowe's tailoring shop, as well as the tailoring shop of E. Bollinger and office of B. L. LaPorte, justice of the peace, the latter places of business being in the second story of the building. The fire is believed to have been the work of an incendiary, and was started in the stairway leading to the upper story. The building was virtually one block, the greater part of which was owned by the Hoffer estate and the north end by Mrs. E. Tyson, The fire was discovered by A. J. Gorton, night watchman at the First National bank, and Claud Moore, who immediately gave the alarm. The fire, however, soon worked its way into the main room of Mr. Hoffer's store, and reaching the upper story, spread in a little while around the whole building.

The fire boys worked hard, but the flames had gained such headaway that a heavy loss naturally resulted. The loss to Mr. Hoffer, who carried a big line of goods will be upwards of $10,000, with an insurance of about $3,500.

The Hoffer portion of the building was valued at about $3,000, on which an insurance of about $1,200 was carried.

The loss in the case of the others was not ascertained, but will be no small item. Mrs. Tyson's loss is partially covered by an insurance of $1400. With the exception of $1000, the insurance was all carried by F. F. Irwin's insurance agency.

A DISTINGUISHED VISITOR.

A Red Letter Night in Masonic Circles—Royal Arch Masons Elect Officers.

Friday night was a large one in Bellefonte Masonic circles it being occasioned by the visit of the Grand High Priest of the Penna. Holy Royal Arch chapter of Ancient York Masons in the person of H. O. Kline who now resides in Pittsburg but who was a resident of this county for many years in his youth and who is remembered by many of the older inhabitants.

The night was the regular meeting night of the Bellefonte Chapter and the occasion for the election of officers to serve for the year 1904. The officers elected were Boyd Musser, High Priest, Jesse T. Cherry, King; John L. Knisely, Scribe, John P. Harris, Treasurer; W. Homer Crissman, Secretary; J. L. Seibert; W. L. Steele and Wm. Speer; Trustees. Dr. Wm. Frear, representative to Grand Chapter.

The officers elected were then installed by Grand High Priest Kline in a very impressive manner after which remarks were indulged in by the visiting brethren, among whom were Past High Priest Geo. Vernes of the Lock Haven Chapter, and members. At 10:30 the chapter was closed and the companions repaired to the pretty little banquet hall on the second floor where tables were set for thirty. A neat little banquet was served consisting of:

Oyster Patties		Saratoga Chips
Salt Wafers		Hot Buns
Cold Ham		Cold Tongue
Celery	Pickles	Olives
	Cheese	
Ice cream		Cake
	Coffee	
Bananas	Oranges	Mints
	Cigars.	

After the banquet social chat took place when about 11:30 all departed for their homes pleased with the evenings work. Companion Kline is one of the leading fire insurance men of the state and many of the older citizens were pleased to see him again.

James Musser Dead.

James Musser, of Orangeville, Illinois, died last week at the age of sixty years. Death was the result of an operation for appendicitis.

Mr. Musser was born in Penn Hall, January 17, 1843, and was one of nine children of Jonas and Maria (Durst) Musser, also natives of Gregg township. The subject of this sketch was eleven years old when his father died, and for two years afterwards he lived with his oldest brother on the homestead. In 1857 James Musser started west and settled in Stephenson county, Illinois, being then fourteen years of age. Although but a youth, he proffered his services in defense of the Union, becoming a member of Co. A., 46th Ill. Vol., and after serving his first term of enlistment he veteranized in December, 1863, and served until the close of the war.

After returning from the war, Mr. Musser established himself in the mercantile business at Orangeville, Ill., in company with his brother Benjamin. This partnership continued for ten years and the business was continued by James Musser until two years ago. In 1885 Mr. Musser established a bank at Orangeville, which institution was sold to other parties on the 10th ult.

The deceased was married at Rock Grove, Illinois, in June, 1853, to Miss Kate Zimmerman, and she survives him, together with five children, Herbert A. Mabel E., Royston D., Marc J., and Olive N. Musser.

He is also survived by the following brothers and sisters, Daniel, of Orangeville, Ill., Benjamin and William, of Jewell City, Kansas; Michael, of Kushville, Nebraska, and Mrs. Geo. Dale, of Lemont.

Mr. Musser accumulated considerable wealth, and beside this had life insurance in the sum of $15,000. By his last will, the deceased makes his widow the chief benefactor and named her as his executrix.

Operators Shy Brown's Tower.

The New York Central Railroad Company is having considerable difficulty in getting operators for Brown's tower where William Clendenen was so brutally murdered. Martin A. Gill, the day operator, who alternated turns with Clendenen, and who has been assisting the detectives since the crime, has refused to go back to duty at the tower, and says he will leave the service of the company first.

The hill on which the tower was located has borne the name of "Spook Hill."

—Sir Henry Ludlow who was Chief Justice of the Leeward Islands from 1886 to 1891, has just died at Kent, England, of a paralytic stroke.

ONLY FEIGNING INSENSIBILITY

The Curtin Station Robbery Mystery Is now Cleared Up.

SHARP ADMITS HIS GUILT.

After Incessant Work by the Pennsylvania Railroad Detective Without Success, Centre County Detective Rightnour Brings the Guilty to Justice.

ALL THE MONEY REFUNDED.

The story of Vincent Sharp, the young miller at Curtin Station, on the Bald Eagle Valley railroad, whom it was reported had been sandbagged or knocked down with a piece of iron in the grist mill at that place, on the evening of November 24, by some unknown man, who gave his name as J. Jackson, while he had turned to the safe to change a $5 bill and then robbed the safe of nearly $100, leaving the young man lying on the floor in an unconscious condition, from which he did not rally for nearly an hour and upon which the Pennsylvania railroad detective have been working incessantly ever since without success, was brought to a successful close Monday evening by Centre county detectives, Joseph Rightnour, when he visited the young man, whom he had visited frequently before and scared out of him a confession that he himself had stolen the money and hid a part of it in the wall of the basement of the mill and the balance in the house, to which places he conducted the officer and got and handed over the money. Officer Rightnour had his suspicions and when leaving the young man he told him he would go and get a warrant and arrest him, when he called him back and confessed to the crime. He admitted that no J. Jackson had purchased corn meal and that he was only feigning insensibility when found in the mill by his employer, Mr. Lutz. Much credit is due Mr. Rightnour for clearing up this mysterious affair and fixing the blame where it belongs. No arrests will be made. The young man's confession and the return of the money being considered sufficient to satisfy those interested.

CLENDENNEN TRAGEDY.

Man in England of Same Name Asks for Information.

Station Master John G. Garrison, of the Reading Saturday morning received a letter from James Clendinning, of London, Eng., asking about the murder of William Clendennen. He enclosed a clipping from a London paper of the story of the murder, and said that he had reason to believe that the murdered man was his long lost brother, William Clendinning. The brother had gone to New York a very long time ago, and had not been heard from since. Mr. Clendinning said his brother would be about sixty years of age.

It has been learned that the grandfather of the murder man came here from England but his name was Thomas Clendennen. As far as could be learned there was no William Clendennen of the age described who is a member of the family, It is unlikely, therefore, that the lost brother was connected in any way with the family of the murdered man, although the fact that both came from England is a rather strange coincidence.

Sad Death.

Howard Gettig born at Pleasant Gap, Oct. 16th 1872 died at the Danville Hospital Friday evening where he had been receiving treatment for some time past.

Mr. Gettig was 31 years, 1 month and 17 days old. He had been an invalid from birth have never learned to talk. During the lifetime of his parents; he was kindly cared for at home and taken out in the air almost daily for a ride. After the death of his parents, in order that he should receive proper attention and kind treatment, his brothers and sisters had him removed to the above mentioned hospital where the best of medical skill was giving him and his every want attended to at their expense. He is survived by the following brothers and sisters:

Mrs. John Clarke, Bellefonte; Mrs. Frank Weaver, Pleasant Gap; Mrs. Harvey Hoy, Pleasant Gap; Mrs. John Uhl, Pleasant Gap; Mrs. Wm. Sampsel, Braddock, Pa.; L. H. Gettig, Bellefonte; Frank Gettig, Roland; George Gettig, Pleasant Gap; H. C. Gettig, Pleasant Gap; Irvin Gettig, Bellefonte.

The funeral took place Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock interment in the Lutheran cemetery at Pleasant Gap. Rev. Stonecypher officiating.

COUNTY INSTITUTE.

Fifty-Seventh Annual Session Will Convene in Philipsburg Dec. 28.

The fifty-seventh annual session of the Centre county teacher's institute will be held in Philipsburg the last week in December, opening at 2 p. m., Monday, December 28 and closing Friday, Jan. 1. The sessions will be held in the high school room and the Opera house.

The instructors are: Hon. Nathan C. Schaeffe, State Supt. of Public Instruction; Dr. F. M. McMurry, Teacher's College, Columbia University, New York; Dr. F. B. Pearsons, of Columbus, O., Dr J. R. Flickinger, Principal of Lock Haven State Normal; Prof. Chas. Lose, superintendent of Williamsport schools.

The entertainment course will open Tuesday evening with a lecture "Sunshine and Shadow," by A. M. Hawks Wednesday evening The Original Carolina Jubilee Singers, assisted by Sara Strange Croggins, colored reader and impersonator will give a very delightful entertainment.

The course will close Thursday evening by Rev. Robert Stuart McArthur's lecture, "The Empire of the Czar—The Great Bear of the North."

Prof. P. H. Meyer, of Bellefonte, will officiate as musical director, Miss Bessie Dorworth, Pianist.

The Presbyterian Musical.

The bazar held in the Presbyterian Chapel Thursday and Friday of last week by the ladies of the church proved very successful and a nice sum of money was realized toward purchasing a piano for the Chapel. Friday evening the affair closed with a delightful musical, There was a large attendance and the entertainment proved very enjoyable. The program rendered was as follows:

Orchestra.
Duett—Mrs. Meyer, Miss Weaver.
Solo—Miss Calloway.
Piano Solo—Mrs. Hayes.
Bass Solo—Mr. Brown.
Piano Duett—Misses Williams.
Orchestra.
Solo—Mrs. Burnett.
Piano Solo—Fred Weaver.
Vocal Duett—Mrs. Schmidt, Miss Butts.
Soprano Solo—Miss Weaver.
Orchestra.

The music was furnished by the Bellefonte orchestra under the leadership of Prof. Christy Smith.

Sudden Death of Former Centre Countain.

Geo. W. Peters, of Unionville, Centre county, died very suddenly in Jefferson City, Mo., while on his way home from a visit to relatives in Oklahoma. He was taken ill in the railroad depot and conveyed to the Jefferson City hospital where death ensued Nov. 24th.

The deceased was 86 years of age and was one of Unionville's well-to do citizens. The last few years of his life have been spent in travel.

The funeral and interment took place in Oklahoma. He is survived by a son and daughter, both residents of Oklahoma and a brother J. C. Peters, of Milesburg.

Mrs. Annie E. Faust Dead.

Mrs. Annie E. Faust died at the home of her son, Roland C. Faust, 115 First avenue, Altoona, Friday morning at 3, o'clock after an illness of one and a half years, of cancer of the stomach. The decease was born in Centre county, April 30, 1842, and went to Altoona about three years ago. She is survived by one son, Roland C., of Altoona. She was a member of the Methodist church. The remains were taken to Centre Hall, Centre county, Pa., Saturday morning on main line express. Interment was made in the Sprucetown cemetery.

Shot Ninety Rabbits.

The Howard Sporting Club, composed of Clyde Long, Eugene Pletcher, Louis Pletcher, James Shay, James Gallagher with John Baney as captain, spent last week in the mountains in quest of rabbits, and were very successful, as the writer saw a pile of bunnies, 90 in number, when they came home last Saturday evening. The boys all report having a good time, if they did miss the wagon and have to walk home.

UNCLAIMED LETTER LIST.

The following letters remain in the Bellefonte Post Office uncalled for Nov 30th, 1903:

Adams Maud, Auman Philip, Bogles C. J., Hartzel Chas. A., Murray Mr. Tilden E., Wildie Sussie Mrs.

When called for please say advertised

W. W. MONTGOMERY, P. M.

PENNSYLVANIA SCHOOLS

Detail of Work For Year as Compiled by the State Superintendent.

THE COMPULSORY ATTENDANCE LAW

Has Been Enforced and Efficiency of County Institutes Increased—Dr. Schaeffer Urges A Fine Display at the St Louis World Fair.

GREAT PROGRESS IN ALL BRANCHES.

HARRISBURG, December 5.—Dr. Nathan C. Schaeffer. Superintendent of Public Instruction, has completed his annual report to the Legislature, giving in detail the work done during the last year in his department.

He says that the schools made noteworthy progress in Pennsylvania in the matter of teachers' salaries in the enforcement of the compulsory attendance law, in the number of township high schools, in the scholarship of the teachers, in the efficiency of the county institutes and in the establishment of kindergarten and manual training schools, on all of which subjects he dwells at length.

Male Teachers Decreasing

The report shows that the number of male teachers is steadily decreasing throughout the state, while the number of female teachers is on the increase. During the past year 342 male teachers dropped from the ranks, while there was an accession of 1,151 female teachers. Male teachers had their salaries increased $1,81 per month, while the salaries of the female teachers were only increased 76 cents. The total increase in teachers' wages was $720,619,69.

Number of Schools Increased

The number of schools was increased by 718 and the increase in the number of graded schools was 1,348. The increased cost of building purchasing and renting was $365 957,63 and of the cost of fuel contingencies, debts and interest paid, $198.769 25.

Speaking of a state reading circle, Dr. Schaeffer says that it seemed best for the present to leave this matter quite in the hands of local authorities, as county superintendents have successfully conducted such circles in many places.

The movement in the direction of a township high school has been successful beyond the most sanguine expectation of its most ardent friends. The number in operation last year was 131. The report states that more liberal legislation in this matter would accomplish marvels in the next decade.

FOR WORLD'S FAIR DISPLAY

Dr. Schaeffer thinks that Pennsylvania's educational system should make a fine display at the World's Exposition at St. Louis. This state makes a more generous appropriation for its schools than any other state in the union. It's display should be representative of its ability. He urges all who are connected with educational work to address Superintendent Addison M. Jones, of West Chester, who will have charge of Pennsylvania's educational exhibit.

A loving reference is made to W. W. Cottingham, superintendent, of the Easton schools, who celebrated the fiftieth auniversary of his service on Oct. 28.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

BACK GIVES OUT.

Plenty of Bellefonte Readers Have This Experience.

You tax the kidneys-overwork them.

They can't keep up the continual strain

The back gives out—aches and pains;

Urinary troubles set in

Don't wait longer—take Doan's Kidney Pills.

Bellefonte people tell you how they act

Geo. Cox residing on what is known as Half Moon Hill says; "I can conscientiously recommend *Doan's* Kidney Pills judging from what they did for me. I suffered intensely from pains in my back and lameness across my kidneys. Statements in this paper about *Doan's* Kidney Pills attracted my attention and I called at F. Potts Green's drug store and got a box. They did me a great deal of good although I did not take them as regularly as I should for the moment the pains ceased and I felt better I stopped taking them. They gave me the greatest relief and I can give them the credit of saving me much suffering".

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster—Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no substitute

What are Humors?

They are vitiated or morbid fluids coursing the veins and affecting the tissues. They are commonly due to defective digestion but sometimes inherited.

How do they manifest themselves?

In many forms of cutaneous eruption, salt rheum or eczema, pimples and boils, and in weakness, languor and general debility.

How are they expelled? By

Hood's Sarsaparilla

which also builds up the system that has suffered from them.

It is the best of all medicines for all humors.

Politicians Creed.

The politician is my shepard; I shall want no good thing during the campaign.

He leadeth me into the saloon for my vote's sake, he filleth my pocket with good cigars, my glass of beer runneth over.

He prepareth my ticket for me in the presence of my best judgement. Yes though I walk through mud and rain to vote for him and shout myself hoarse, when he is straightway elected he forgetteth me; lo when I meet him in his own office he knoweth me not.

Surely the wool has been plucked over my eyes all the days of my life and I will kick myself forever.—Age of Reason.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

The Murderer of Operator Clendenen.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., November 30.—It was learned Friday that the murderer of Operator Clendenen, of Browns, Pa., was in this section as late as Tuesday evening. From what he said to several persons, to whom he tried to sell the watch and ring of the murdered man, it is believed that he went east from here over the Deleware and Hudson towards Albany on Wednesday.

The watch of the murdered man was found Friday at Smithboro, a village just west of Owego by a New York Central detective. The stranger, who is believed to have been the murderer, traded it to a farmer on Tuesday. After disposing of the watch he went west over the Erie and that evening was seen coming back east through that place in a freight train. It is believed for certain from the late developments in Pennsylvania that Clendenen's murderer had nothing to do with the other railroad robberies which have caused such terror in Pennsylvania during the past week.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Small-Pox in the State.

PITTSBURG, November 30.—The state board of health held its annual meeting here recently with practically the full membership present. The report of the secretary, Dr. Benjamin Lee, of Philadelphia, was a voluminous document, covering all phases of the state's health during the year. Special attention was given to statistics on small-pox. According to the report nearly 50 per cent of the small-pox cases in the state during the year were in Allegheny county and over 75 per cent of the whole were in counties west of the Allegheny mountains. The record gives Allegheny county 3,010 cases with 362 deaths. The other counties combined developed 3,016 cases with seventy-one deaths. In Philadelphia county there were 948 cases and 138 deaths. Cambria county came next with 445 cases and twenty-five deaths.

For Over Sixty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over sixty years by million of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cure wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by all druggists in all parts of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

Mrs. John P. Harris went to Butler on Wednesday to see her son, Dr. Edward H. Harris, who is suffering with typhoid fever in that plague stricken town. Dr. Harris and his bride spent Thanksgiving in Pittsburg and that evening complained of being sick although he did not go to bed until Saturday. Since then his parents have daily talked with Dr. Greer, his physician, and while he has an excellent nurse and there seems no cause for undue alarm yet they are very anxious to bring him home if possible and his mother went to see if it could be accomplished.

KODOL DYSPEPSIA CURE

Digests all classes of food, tones and strengthens the stomach and digestive organs. Cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Stomach Troubles and makes rich red blood, health and strength. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure rebuilds wornout tissues, purifies, strengthens and sweetens the stomach. Gov. G. W. Atkinson, of W. Va., says: "I have used a number of bottles of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure and have found it to be a very effective and indeed, a powerful remedy for stomach ailments. I recommend it to my friends." Sold by F. P. Green.

Eel Creates Panic in Railroad Station

PITTSBURG, Pa. Dec. 4—At the Union station a "rough house" was caused by a monstrous eel getting loose and wriggling amongst the legs of bystanders. It was one of a lot of one hundred being shipped to the Bellefonte hatchery of the State Fish Commission, where they will be kept during the winter, and then sent to St. Louis for exhibition at the World's Fair.

When the eel broke jail, fish attendants baggagemen, brakemen, and other attaches of the station all made grabs for him. Wriggling like an Oriental dancer he went through their hands like the proverbial greased eel. Terror was added to the excitement by some one raising a cry that he would bite.

Women grabbed their skirts and screamed and men looked foolish. It was a hot chase. The attaches ducked in and out, losing their hats and temper in the scrimmage. Sometimes their hands would close over the eel, but for not long. A few wriggles and the elusive eel would be gliding over the smooth floor.

Finally the attaches, puffing and blowing corralled the eel and he was returned to his can.

GOOD FOR CHILDREN

The pleasant to take and harmless One Minute Cough Cure gives immediate relief in all cases of Cough, Croup and LaGrippe because it does not pass immediately into the stomach, but takes effect at the seat of the trouble. It draws out the inflammation, heals and soothes and cures permanently by enabling the lungs to contribute pure life-giving and life-sustaining oxygen to the blood and tissues. Dr. Armstrong of Delia, Texas, prescribes it daily and says there is no better cough remedy made. Sold by F. P. Green.

Fat Porkers.

You may talk about fat porkers but Millheim takes the prize in killing heavy weights.

The following is a list of the weight o some killed in that place, and enough grease was produced to almost float the town. If there is any other town in the state that can make a better showing we would like to see it.

M. S. Fiedler(2)	900
W. E. Keen(4)	1,600
J. W. Stover(2)	1,256
G. L. Springer(2)	826
Sam Weiser (3)	1,378
Henry Duck (2)	919
D. L. Zerby(2)	1,403
Wm Kresmer (2)	1,134
W. H. Smith (1)	452
W. E. Smith (1)	420
Geo. Secrist (1)	412
Henry Brown (1)	573
F. O. Hosterman(2)	1,005
W. H. Miller (2)	66

Total weight, 13,114; average weight of 27 hogs 488.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Weds Eloping School Girl.

An elopement of the most unusual character took place near Jersey Shore one day last week, when a girl of 16 years on her way to the district school, was overtaken on the road by a man whom she had seen but a few times, who proposed marriage, was accepted, and in less than four hours afterward they became husband and wife in Elmira, N. Y.

In the morning Mr. and Mrs. Henry Guinter, who reside near Larryville, went to Jersey Shore shopping, leaving their eldest daughter, Annie, to dress the other younger children and go with them to the Chestnut Hill school, in Mifflin township, which they attend.

She did as she was bidden, so far as dressing the children was concerned; but instead of going with them she sent them on ahead and followed some distance behind. She had not gone far when George Yeagle, a traveling man who has been located near Larryville, drove up and after bidding her good morning said:

"Annie, how would you like to marry me?"

Annie wanted to: so, taking her with him, he drove to Cogan station, where they boarded a north-bound Northern Central train for Elmira, and were married.

Upon the return of the parents from their shopping tour they found a note in the girl's dinner pail, telling them what she had done.

The father of the bride was in Jersey Shore later, and said he considered the elopement entirely unnecessary; but Yeagle said he was afraid, if he asked for the girl he would be refused.

VIN-TE-NA, a specific for Blood Diseases, for Sluggish Tired Feeling, Scrofula, Chronic Catarrh, Pimples, or any form of Skin Disease. Take VIN-TE-NA it acts like magic in restoring New Blood to the system. If not benefited your money refunded. All druggists.

—Foley's Honey and Tar positively cures all throat and lung diseases. Refuse substitutes. C. M. Parrish.

ZION CITY'S POOR.

Sad Condition of Affairs Said to Exist in the Town of Elijah III.

MANY HOMES ARE FLIMSY

And in Numerous Instances the Supply of Coal and Wood is Almost Gone.

RECEIVERS TO MAKE REPORT SOON.

CHICAGO, December 4—Thursday afternoon Judge Kohlsaat ordered that the receivers appointed to take charge of Zionist Downie's affairs should report on the condition of the business Zion industries within on week, in order that the court may determine whether the receivership should be continued or not. It was further ordered that all coupons issued by Downie to laborers and wage-earners in Zion City outstanding before December 1 should be accepted at the discretion of the receivers.

Judge Kohlsaat granted an application Thursday afternoon, made by some of the creditors, to have Downie appear in person for examination before a referee in bankruptcy.

Investigation Thursday showed that the fuel supply of many of the families in Zion City is reduced almost to nothing. The extent to which the people of Zion City have beggared themseves is shown by a trip through the town. Many of the poorer people, the men and women who work in the factories, live in houses flimsy in construction and unfit to live in through a Chicago winter.

Hardly one of these shacks, in which Dowe's poorest followers exist, is stocked with a ton of coal or half a cord of wood. A shovelful of coal or a dozen or two sticks of wood comprise the entire fuel supply of most of the people from whom Dowie is asking $500,000. Others still less fortunate, possessed neither coal nor wood. In several instances, the occupants had gone backs to stumps and roots and piles of dried grass and straw as the sole protection against freezing.

Whether Dowie's home, Shiloh House, is connected with the administration building, 200 feet away, by an underground tunnel, is a question that is puzzling Curtodian Paul Rodieski. Not once since the receiver seized Zion City has its founder been seen out of doors, yet he has held conferences both at his home and at the administration building.

Dowie will be put on the witness stand before Bankruptcy Referee Sidney Eastman and under oath will be required to answer all questions regarding the financial affairs of Zion City. While the date for the inquiry has not yet been set, Judge Kohlsaat entered the order which requires the overseer of the Christian Catholic church to submit to an examination. This action was taken on motion of Attorney Samuel Ettelson, who filed the original petition in bankruptcy against Dowie.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

{SEAL}

A. W. GLEASON.
Notary Public

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surface of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Hard Working Human Heart.

Some one with an aptitude for statistic has been doing a little calculating on the subject of the human heart and its activities. The normal heart, it appears, beats about seventy-five times in a minute, so that an hour's record would be something like 4,320 beats. Supposing that a man lived to be 50, his heart would have beaten 1, 892, 160,000 times. If a son of this man, more robust than his father, should fill out the Scriptural allotment of three-score years and ten his heart beats would number 2,649,024,000. It is easy to understand, after such a computation, why this hard-working servant of the human body so frequently wears out.

REPORT FROM THE REFORM SCHOOL.

J. G. Gluck, Superintendent, Pruntytown, W. Va., "After trying all other advertised cough medicines we have decided to use Foley's Honey and Tar exclusively in the West Virginia Reform School. I find it the most effective and absolutely harmless." C. M. Parrish.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
Cures Colds; Prevents Pneumonia
C. M. Parrish.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

WILLIAM BURNSIDE
Successor to CHARLES SMITH,
FIRE INSURANCE.
Temple Court, Bellefonte, Pa.

THE GEORGE L. POTTER INSURANCE AGENCY.
FREDERICK K. FOSTER Successor.
Eagle Block, Bellefonte, Pa. General Insurance

C. M. BOWER. ELLIS L. ORVIS
ORVIS, BOWER & ORVIS,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
Office in Eagle Block, Bellefonte, Pa.

A. A. DALE.
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office over Centre County Bank, corner Allegheny and High streets, Bellefonte, Pa.

HARRY KELLER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office in the Temple Court building, on Allegheny street, Bellefonte Pa.

H. C. QUIGLEY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office in Temple Court building, Bellefonte, Pa.

J. THOMAS MITCHELL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office in the Temple Court building, South Allegheny street, Bellefonte, Pa.

WILBUR F. REEDER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office on Allegheny street, one door north *Gazette* office, Bellefonte, Pa.

FOR SALE & WANT COLUMN.

AGENTS—We start you in business for yourself; every lady buys; $2 to $40 weekly profit; outfit prepaid; write today. Woman's Apparel Supply Co., Chicago.

A Canvassing Agent with small amount of money may secure the agency of a California product that can be sold to every family of Bellefonte and surrounding country. A fine seller for a house to house canvasser to handle with other goods. It is an article of daily consumption, and where once sold is a sure repeater. The product is is not as yet introduced in Pennsylvania but hundreds of applications have been received from there.

For particulars, prices and samples, address MANAGER P. O. Box 587, San Jose, California.

FOR SALE—A four months and a half old colt of good stock and size, color bay price 4 dollars if sold within ten days. Jacob Frantz, Port Matilda.

WANTED:—Woodland Will buy both large and small tracts. Apply to J. J. Hulburt, Purchasing Agent, Lock Haven, Pa d-w-2-w

WANTED. Male Help.—Wealthy firm selling teas, coffees, etc. to families direct, desire representative everywhere; rare chances; promotion; permanent. Address "Reliance," Box 2988 Philadelphia.

WANTED TEACHERS—We need at once a few more Teachers for Fall schools. Good positions are being filled daily by us. We are receiving more calls this year than ever before. Schools and colleges supplied with Teachers free of cost. Enclose stamp for reply. American Teachers' Association. J. L. Graham, LL. D., Manager, 152-154 Randolph Building, Memphis, Tenn. 2-2 mo.

WANTED—Several persons of character and good reputation in each state (one in this county required) to represent and advertise old established wealthy business house of solid financial standing. Salary $21.00 weekly with expenses additional, all payable in cash direct each Wednesday from head offices. Horse and carriage furnished when necessary. References. Enclose self-addressed envelope. Colonial, Caxton Building, Chicago. aug5-1m

WANTED—Two young ladies, to take training as nurses at the Bellefonte Hospital. tf

Vin-te-na
THE WORLD'S GREATEST TONIC.

Take VIN-TE-NA and the good effects will be immediate. You will get strong, you will feel bright, fresh and active, you will feel new, rich blood coursing through your veins, your nerves will act steadily, you will feel health, strength and energy coming back to you.

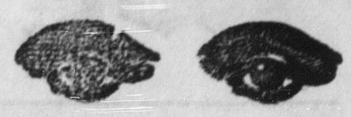
Sold under positive guarantee. If it fails to benefit you your money will be refunded.

Vin-te-na
The World's Greatest Tonic.
All Druggists.

New Games
A FREE game inside each package of
Lion Coffee
60 different games.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE
Makes Kidneys and Bladder Right
Parrish's drug store.

PROF. J. ANGEL



Eye Specialist!
Will be at
The Brockerhoff House
Bellefonte, Pa.
Dec. 9
9:00 a. m. to 6:00 p. m.

Hundreds are going blind daily, from the need of the proper prescribed glasses and from delaying attention to the eyes from time to time. Nothing will destroy your eyes sight quicker than cheap glasses or glasses not properly fitted to your eyes.

Prof. Angel, in the short time he has been visiting this section, has met with marked success. Scores of leading citizens of this community have found relief from his treatment. It is not necessary to travel to Eastern cities for treatment when you can consult an eminent oculist at home.

He will examine your eyes at your home, by appointment, without extra charge

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A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.
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Duff's College
Has unsurpassed facilities for giving a Business Education, and placing Students when trained. Circulars on application.
P. Duff & Sons, 6th & Liberty Ave., Pittsburg, Pa.

A THOUSAND DOLLARS WORTH OF GOOD.

A. H. Thurnes, a well known coal operator of Buffalo, O., writes, "I have been afflicted with kidney and bladder trouble for years, passing gravel or stones with excruciating pain. I got no relief from medicines until I began taking Foley's Kidney Cure, then the result was surprising. A few doses started the brick dust like fine stones and now I have no pain across my kidneys and I feel like a new man. It has done me a $1000 worth of good." C. M. Parrish.

Ingersoll Watches
SALES 6,000 A DAY

This is the Ingersoll Dollar Watch, which sells at the lowest price, carries the strongest guarantee and has a larger sale than all other watches. Perfect in accuracy, size and style. Other Ingersoll's at $1.50, $1.75 and $2.00. Sold by dealers everywhere or postpaid by us for $1.00. Booklet Free
Robt. H. Ingersoll & Bro.
Dept. 3, 51 MAIDEN LANE, NEW YORK

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY
Made a Well Man of Me.
FRENCH REMEDY
produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address
Royal Medicine Co. 269 Dearborn St. CHICAGO, ILL.
Sold by C. M. Parrish.

12 Minutes for Lunch.

That is the average time spent in a large city restaurant by three thousand lunchers. It takes three hours to digest a fresh egg soft boiled; three hours to digest a boiled apple dumpling; three hours to digest fresh roast beef. In fact, three hours is about the time required to digest the average twelve minute lunch. The object of the hasty lunch is to let the busy man get back to his office work. But when the brain is active, the stomach is inactive for lack of necessary blood. The natural consequence is indigestion, and indigestion opens the door to many diseases.

Indigestion is cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition, and enables the perfect digestion and assimilation of food.

"It is with heartfelt gratitude that I send this testimonial which I wish you to publish with my name and address," writes Mr. Willis Seaman, of Washingtonville, Orange Co., N. Y. "I had stomach trouble from childhood and suffered with it more or less as I grew up. At the age of 26 I was broken down with dyspepsia. My suffering was terrible. Could not eat without distress. Could only eat a few certain things and was not able to work half the time. Every thing I tried only gave me temporary relief. My wife finally persuaded me to try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and 'Pleasant Pellets.' I took six bottles of the 'Golden Medical Discovery' and two vials of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets.' I then felt so well that I stopped taking medicine. Several months have passed and I can do the hardest kind of work, can eat anything that is set before me and enjoy it. I am 27 years old and this is the first time I have ever been well."

Free. Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser in paper covers is sent *free* on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*; or 31 stamps for cloth-bound volume. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

LIPTON STILL GAME.

Would Challenge Again if He Could Find Designer to Beat Herreshoff.

Sir Thomas Lipton was able the other day to receive visitors at his rooms in the Annex in Chicago, says the New York World. Among other things he said:

"I am as desirous as ever of lifting the cup. If I can find a designer who can build a winning yacht I will give him a warm grasp of the hand. If I could find a designer I was certain could beat Herreshoff I would build Shamrock IV. and challenge tomorrow. I am in hopes of finding such a designer.

"Herreshoff has now no equal in the designing of fast yachts. I shall keep Shamrock III. in New York harbor as a trial boat. It would be the best thing in the world for yachting in the United States to have the cup go to England. It would stimulate yachting here and result in a class of boats of utility as well as speed.

"I don't think we could hold the cup more than one year. As a designer I take off my hat to Herreshoff. He is the greatest designer of racing vessels in the world. Of course, I should like to try again for the cup, but I shall not do so until I believe I have a good chance of winning."

"What do you think of the proposition to have the next cup contest in British waters so as to give the challengers a better chance?" was asked.

"That would be unsportsmanlike," was the prompt reply. "The currents off the British isles are swift, and where they would be safe for a native they would in many cases be dangerous to an American. I have no fault to find with the Sandy Hook course. It is a fair course. The reason that the Reliance won was because she was the faster boat."

TO MARK MINERS' GRAVES.

Pioneer's Plan to Erect Headstones Over Their Last Resting Places.

The will of James Lamb, a pioneer who died a few days ago at Oroville, Cal., leaves the bulk of his fortune of $20,000 as a fund for the erection of a stone to mark the resting places of old miners who may hereafter die in Butte county.

The pioneers who helped to make history for California are fast passing away. Many are indigent and friendless. Their former wealth has been squandered or spent in exploiting new diggings, and now they are coming in from their lonely cabins in the gulches and on the bars to the county infirmary. From this time on their graves will be marked.

James Lamb was a typical pioneer, but found himself with a competence when he was unable to work. He left $4,500 to friends and the rest to mark the graves of his fellow pioneers.

Indian Girls as Servants.

As a result of experiments made by Major S. W. Campbell, agent of the Lapointe Indian agency, which embraces numerous Chippeway reservations in Wisconsin and Minnesota, Indian girls promise to aid in solving the servant girl problem in the northwest. The major in an interview at Duluth, Minn., says that many of the Indian girls are now doing housework in good families and in every case are giving great satisfaction. He passes upon the applications for the girls, and they are allowed to enter none except comfortable and respectable homes. They are thrifty, quick to learn and eager to acquire thorough knowledge of civilized housekeeping.

TO BE CURED of rheumatism, with all its lameness, aches and pains, take Hood's Sarsaparilla. You must be sure to GET HOOD'S.

GALLANTRY IN PLANO.

Mayor of Illinois Town Orders Police to Escort Women.

MUST SEE THEM HOME AFTER DARK

Fair Sex Without Escorts Can Now Stay Late In Chicago and Return on Midnight Train, Sure of Getting Protection—The "Finest" on Force of Two Become Bundle Carriers For Shoppers.

Mayor William Deering Steward, namesake of the harvester maker, is making Plano, Ill., a paradise for the fair sex, says a dispatch from that town.

General order No. 35 to the Plano police force has given the village a secure title to the claim that it is the most polite municipality in the world. The order proclaims that the policemen shall consider it one of their duties to escort unprotected women home after dark.

Plano has two policemen—Lewis Canphear and Jefferson Porter, who were selected as much for their polite address and thoughtfulness as for their reputations as preservers of the peace. Every night they are to be seen patrolling the principal streets with their eyes reprovingly cast on unruly boys, but also watchful for the unattended woman who would appreciate an escort home.

A few minutes past midnight the most important duty in upholding Plano's reputation for municipal gallantry devolves upon the police force. At that time Plano's "finest" may be found drawn up on the platform of the village station awaiting the arrival of the last west bound train.

It is very dark, and the lonely women hesitate a moment, hoping that some friend is going the same way homeward. Then it is that the "finest" does its duty.

"Madam, may I see that you get home safely?" is the official salutation in accordance with general order No. 35.

The woman looks up quickly, half inclined to scream, till she espies the star of authority and the doffed hat of the patrolman. A smile of relief passes over her face as she delivers her bundles into the official arms and sets off home with her escort. Some nights there are so many unattached women in need of escort that the policemen have to organize them into two parties, according to route, and convoy them home in rotation.

On these occasions the "finest" are said to resemble delivery wagons more than protectors of the weak.

But the "finest" enjoy it, and the women of Plano say that, having tried the system, they would not be without it.

"It was so thoughtful of Mayor Steward," said one Plano housewife. "Once I was afraid to come out on that midnight train because it was so dark going home, but now I haven't the slightest fear. I can go to Chicago and shop till they drive me out of the stores and then take the evening train home, always sure to find the police escort at the station."

The men of Plano like it, too—at least those whose wives are shoppers, but who think it a hardship to stay up till midnight in order to carry the bundles home from the train.

SAMPLE CLASS YELLS.

Agonizing Efforts of Syracuse College of Medicine Students.

The freshmen in the Syracuse College of Medicine are suffering from brain fag as the result of an effort to compose an appropriate class yell, says a Syracuse special to the New York World. This is the result of their combined productions:

Scalpel, scissors, lance and probe,
Chloroform, anodyne, crape and shroud;
Send the stiffs to hell or heaven—
Syracuse medics, nineteen seven.

They consider this almost classic, but not quite. The real high water mark in class yells at the medical college was attained by the present senior class, who practiced the following before they had learned any better:

Well man, sick man, dead man, stiff;
Dig 'em up, cut 'em up, what's the diff?
Lancet, scalpel, blood and gore—
Syracuse medics, nineteen four.

Though your early toils be vain,
Noble fellows, try again!
Keep it up for goodness' sake;
Think of one who lies awake,
Crying out across the sea,
Send a microbe home to me!

I am one who vainly wooes
Morpheus of the baffling snooze;
I have counted scores of sheep,
Quaffed narcotics long and deep;
Sleeping sickness ought to be
Just the very thing for me.

When at last the happy day
Brings you thirsting to the fray,
When you leap upon the foe,
Bottling hundreds as you go,
Send some spare ones, duty free,
Home by parcel post to me!

I would sleep till I were sick
Gladly if I knew the trick;
But until you send some germs
Sleep and I are not on terms.
Men of science, hear my plea,
Send a microbe home to me!

—Punch.

Wreckproof and Fireproof Cars.

The Pennsylvania Railroad company is putting the finishing touches on a passenger car of new design in their Altoona shops, says the Iron Age. The sides, frames and floor of the car are of steel. The inside of the car is covered by a thick layer of asbestos. Very little wood is used. It is designed to be wreckproof as well as fireproof and will be tested shortly on the main line of the Pennsylvania railroad.

"It"

is the New and Better Breakfast Food, so different from all others that it pleases everybody. Get a package to-day at your grocers.

THE GENESEE PURE FOOD CO., LE ROY, N. Y.

NEGRO DWARF CUPID'S AID.

Cincinnati Banker Hires Colored Boy as Wedding Mascot.

Howard S. Rodgers of Cincinnati, vice president of the Merchants' National bank, recently hired Stanley Mason, dwarf colored newsboy, to act as his mascot when the banker, who is thirty-six years of age, went to the courthouse to secure a license to wed Miss Anna H. Orr, aged twenty-six, daughter of Dr. George P. Orr, says the Chicago Inter Ocean. Before taking the oath, as is necessary when a marriage license is issued, Rodgers carefully rubbed his hands over the colored boy's head.

The group presented a queer sight on the streets going and coming from the courthouse. The bridegroom to be and his best man, Attorney Dan Wilson, both big men, in tall silk hats and long Prince Albert coats, marched on either side of the colored mascot, who is scarcely three feet tall.

The boy was well paid for his trouble by the banker, who considers the money particularly well invested.

Newest Fur Is Caracal.

Dealers are showing another novelty in furs, says the New York Press. It is called caracal, or Persian lynx, and by means of dyeing and pressing under hot irons it may best be compared to baby lamb. Usually caracal is softer than the average lynx and therefore is quite expensive. Black is the usual color of the commercial article, but when the small animal roams at large its coat is between a wine color and brown. When pressed it shows a glossy coat, but this artificial treatment is not regarded as advisable usually. Caracal thus treated soon regains its natural appearance.

A Good Beginning.

Robert Dowthitt and Grace Tyrell of Ashmore, Ill., went to Terre Haute, Ind., recently to be married. The groom had no money to pay the license fee of $2, but a kindly clerk issued it on credit, says the Chicago Record-Herald. The bride gave Justice Church her ring as security for his fee and $1 cash he advanced to set them up in housekeeping.

True Sometimes.

It is better to have loved and lost than to have never loved; better for the florist, the theater, the messenger boy, the jeweler and, sometimes, the lawyer.—Life.

UNIQUE GIFT TO HIS WIFE.

St. Louis Pastor's Anniversary Present Contained Gold Coin.

The gift which the Rev. Dr. T. H. Hagerty of St. Louis made to his wife the other day in commemoration of the twenty-fifth anniversary of their marriage appeared to be a plain morocco bound book, says the St. Louis Republic.

This book upon being opened, however, furnished a surprise, for the pages were absent. On the inside of one of the covers was drawn a figure "2" and on the other a figure "5," symbolic of the twenty-fifth anniversary. The figures were each outlined with two and a half dollar gold pieces. There were ten gold pieces, and thus the twenty-five was again emphasized.

DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?

Kidney Trouble Makes You Miserable.

Almost everybody who reads the newspapers is sure to know of the wonderful cures made by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It is the great medical triumph of the nineteenth century; discovered after years of scientific research by Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, and is wonderfully successful in promptly curing lame back, kidney, bladder, uric acid troubles and Bright's Disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is not recommended for everything but if you have kidney, liver or bladder trouble it will be found just the remedy you need. It has been tested in so many ways, in hospital work, in private practice, among the helpless too poor to purchase relief and has proved so successful in every case that a special arrangement has been made by which all readers of this paper who have not already tried it, may have a sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling more about Swamp-Root and how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The regular fifty cent and dollar sizes are sold by all good druggists.

Home of Swamp-Root.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp Root and the address on every bottle Binghampton, N. Y.

HOAR'S AUTOBIOGRAPHY

Senator's Recollections of Makers of American History.

BLAINE'S REPUTATION EULOGIZED

Venerable Statesman Says the Former Secretary of State Acted In a Great Way Under Great Responsibilities—Severe Strictures on Benjamin F. Butler—The English Mission Twice Offered to the Senator.

Senator George F. Hoar's "Autobiography of Seventy Years," issued by Charles Scribner's Sons, is an interesting contribution to the political history of the country, embracing, as it does, his personal recollection of most of the leading actors in it, says the New York World.

In the chapter on reconstruction Mr. Hoar says:

"It was the desire of many Republican leaders, especially of Mr. Sumner and General Grant, that there should be a provision at the national charge for the education of all the citizens in the southern states, black and white, so far as the states were unable or unwilling to afford it. It was never contemplated by them to give the right to vote to a large number of illiterate citizens without ample provision for their education at the public charge."

Mr. Hoar thus speaks of James G. Blaine:

"James G. Blaine was a man of many faults and many infirmities, but his life is a part of the history of his country. It will be better for his reputation that the chapter of that history which relates to him shall be written by a historian with a full and clear sense of those faults and infirmities, concealing nothing and extenuating nothing. But also let him set naught down in malice. Mr. Blaine was a brilliant and able man, lovable, patriotic, far seeing, kind. He acted in a great way under great responsibilities. He was wise and prudent when wisdom and prudence were demanded."

In a chapter on Benjamin F. Butler Mr. Hoar says:

"His military career was, with the exception I have stated (the war administration of New Orleans), disgraceful to himself and unfortunate to the country. From the beginning of Butler's recruiting for the war wherever he was in command came rumors of jobs, frauds, trading with rebels through the the lines and the putting of unfit persons in responsible positions."

Discussing Butler's relations with General Grant, Mr. Hoar says:

"I do not suppose that the secret of the hold which General Butler had upon General Grant will ever be disclosed. Butler boasted in the lobby of the house of representatives that Grant would not dare to refuse any request of his, because he had in his possession affidavits by which he could prove that Grant had been drunk on seven different occasions. This statement was repeated to Grant by a member of the house, who told me of the conversation. Grant replied, without manifesting any indignation or belief or disbelief in the story, 'I have refused his requests several times.' My own belief is that at some time during the war or before the war, in times of discouragement, Grant may have been in the habit of drinking freely and may at some time have done so to excess. During the whole time of his presidency I had good opportunity to observe him in personal intercourse. I was familiar with many men who were constantly in his company at all hours of the day and often far into the night. They assured me that there was no foundation for any imputation that he was in the habit of drinking to excess then. If at any time he had formed such a habit he had put it under his feet. For that I think he is entitled to greater honor than if he had never yielded to temptation. My explanation of Butler's influence over Grant is to some extent conjecture, but I believe that Grant thought him a powerful political leader."

In a chapter on "The Senate In 1877" Mr. Hoar says:

"The reform of the civil service has doubtless shorn the office of senator of a good deal of its power.

"I think President McKinley, doubtless with the best and purest intentions, did still more to curtail the dignity and authority of the office." This was by "the appointment of members of the senate to distinguished and lucrative places in the public service, in which they were to receive and obey the command of the executive, and then come back to their seats to carry out as senators a policy which they have adopted at the command of another power, without an opportunity of consultation with their associates or of learning their associates' opinions."

Mr. Hoar discloses the fact that he was twice offered the English mission, once by Secretary Evarts and again by Mr. McKinley. The chapter relating to this also discloses that he suggested to President Hayes the appointment of President Eliot of Harvard as British minister when Mr. Welsh resigned, and Mr. Lowell, then minister to Spain, was reluctant to accept the appointment.

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NEWEST FAD IN FURS.

Why Furriers Decided to Make Moleskin Popular This Season.

That soft, earth colored fur moleskin is in great vogue this fall, says the New York Press. Women who dress carefully will greet it as a relief from the monotonous gray squirrel and the showy ermine. There is small chance of moleskin becoming common this winter. Owing to the demand mole pelts are extremely scarce, and a muff and stole cannot be bought for less than $200. Nor is moleskin used only for outer garments. Dressmakers use a great deal of it for gown trimming, and mole decked evening gowns will be worn by many fashionable women. One furrier is blending mole with ermine, and the contrast is striking. Milliners are not slow to realize that moleskin is the rage, and a toque composed completely of it is appraised at $50.

A furrier said of the newest fad in furs: "Not through any preference are we pushing moleskin. I tell you every fur is so scarce that furriers do not know which way to turn. To wear fine furs in America now really denotes prosperity, as velvet gowns did thirty years ago. This popularity in America has depleted the supply, and in the markets of Europe prices are soaring. It is almost impossible to buy sable. Mink is scarce, and gray squirrel is more expensive than ever. If the demand for ermine continues, the little white animal will be almost extinct. The fur markets of Europe are emptied. The furriers conferred a year ago and determined to launch a new fur. They settled on mole because of its commonness. The dunes of Scotland are alive with moles, and in New York state they are plentiful. At that time moleskins were worth only 20 cents each. Now we must pay as high as 75 cents for a pelt."

Mme. Rejane, the French actress, received a moleskin coat from a furrier a year ago. The soft, lustrous fur was becoming, and the grayish black color was suitable to every gown. When Rejane wore the gift of the furriers the Parisians stared in wonder. They did not know whether it was a new-fangled velvet or a new idea in plush. But as the winter in Paris went on other moleskin garments appeared. This year every woman of fashion will be showing the new fur.

SAM DYSART'S PRANK.

Amusing Incident In a Former Missouri Lawyer's Career.

MADE AN ELDER SING IN COURT.

Powerful Voice of Religious Man Threw All Occupants of the Court Room Into Convulsions and Cost Him His Case—How a Once Prominent Attorney Defended Some Children.

Sam Dysart, who recently died in Phenix, Ariz., was well remembered at Lancaster, Mo., where he was known as an original joker and a good lawyer as well.

Mr. Dysart was employed once to defend several boys and girls who had been arrested for giggling in church. The charge was disturbing religious worship. Elder Tice Spears was the preacher and informant. He was known for his stern piety and singularly strong voice. After he told his story he sat with clasped hands waiting for the defendant's attorney to begin on him. He didn't have long to wait. Sam Dysart's cross examination was as follows:

"Brother Spears, you led the meetin' that night?"

"I did, sir."

"You prayed?"

"I did, sir."

"And preached?"

"I tried to."

"And sung?"

"I sung."

"What did you sing?"

"'There Is a Fountain Filled With Blood,' sir."

Here Dysart pulled a hymn book out of his pocket and handed it to the witness, with the remark:

"Please turn to that song, Brother Spears." The witness did so.

"Well, stand up and sing it now, if you please."

"But I can't sing before this sort of a crowd."

"Brother Spears" (with much apparent indignation), "do I understand that you refuse to furnish legitimate evidence to this jury?"

"No—no—but, you see"—

"Your honor," said Dysart, turning to the court, "I insist that the witness shall sing the song alluded to just as he did the night of the alleged disturbance. It is a part of our evidence and very important. The reason for it will be disclosed later on.

"And, mind you, Brother Spears," said Dysart seriously, "you must sing it just as you did that night. If you change a note you will have to go back and do it all over again."

The witness got up and opened the book. There is a difference between singing to a congregation in sympathy with you and a crowd of court room habitues. Brother Spears was painfully conscious of the fact. In the old time hymns you begin in the basement and work up to the roof, then leap off from the dizzy height and finish the line in the basement. That's the way the witness did. He had a good voice—that is, it was strong. It threatened the window lights.

The crowd did not smile; they just yelled with laughter. The jurymen bent double and almost rolled from their seats. The judge bit his cob pipe harder and tried to look solemn. It was no use. There were only two straight faces in the house, and one belonged to a deaf man and the other to Sam Dysart. Sam said to the jury:

"If you gentlemen think you could go to one of Brother Spears' meetings and behave better than you have here, you may be justified in convicting these boys and girls."

The foreman asked if they could bring in a verdict for the children defendants without the formality of retiring to consider the matter.

A Mile Ride on a Wild Moose.

J. D. Campbell, a wealthy citizen of Duluth, Minn., recently had an exciting ride on the back of a huge bull moose forty miles north of Duluth, says the Chicago Record-Herald. Campbell and a party of three others were hunting in the big swamp when suddenly they came upon the moose. Campbell mounted its back with a single leap, and away went the terrified animal through the thicket and brush. Campbell, who had expected no serious danger from his performance, clung desperately to his position on the animal, which after a wild run of a mile or more plunged into a slough, where the moose sank to its stomach, and its rider dismounted in safety, finally killing the moose with one shot.

TOM KYLE'S "TILE."

Why the Ohio Representative Now Sports a Silk Hat.

Representative Tom Kyle of Ohio is wearing a brand new glossy silk hat these days to the amazement of those of his colleagues who have heard the sweet singer of the Buckeye State describe the hazing he received the first time he "sported a silk tile" in his old Dartmouth days, says the Washington correspondent of the New York Tribune. Mr. Kyle protests that it is not his fault that he is wearing a silk hat now. He says he went incautiously into a hatter's with his colleague, Representative Beidler, the latter being intent on purchasing a "Sunday go meetin' hat," as Mr. Kyle describes it.

The foxy tradesman insisted on Mr. Kyle's trying on one of the glossy pieces of head gear, and Mr. Beidler was so impressed with the manner in

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EDITORIAL.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

A President's message is what events make it. The chief event of the past year in the domain of the governmental action is the recognition of the Panama Republic and all that it involves. The chief interest of President Roosevelt's third annual message, therefore, centers in its discussion of this question. Outside of the topic the chapters are of less moment than those of his previous messages, because the events are less vital and vivid. The large issues then treated—the trust question, Cuba, the Philippines and so on—are substantially settled. The references are not controversial but conclusive. It is a presentation of facts covering the whole fields of national and inter-national affairs, the entire review being set forth in language so plain that no one can misunderstand. For thoroughness and comprehensiveness the message is perfect, not a single subject having been neglected that is worthy of comment, suggestion or recommendation by the President.

As a matter of course the President devotes a large part of the document to affairs in the isthmus and produces ample proof in justification of the action taken at Washington in the early recognition of the Republic of Panama. His review of the situation in Colombia growing out of the canal negotiations, the failure of Colombia to act on the treaty and the subsequent revolt and declaration of independence by the state of Panama are followed closely from beginning to end, with a strong recommendation for Congress to do its share to insure the completion of the much needed waterway across the strip.

The Cuban matter receives a share of attention with a renewal of the recommendation for favorable action in the reciprocity treaty. Philippine affairs, the postal frauds, immigration and a hundred other topics are discussed thoroughly and at length.

The message is so complete that to treat it more than in a general way would require a great deal of space. It is worthy the most careful perusal of all citizens. It is sound in all features and is characteristic of its great author, and will go on record as one of the greatest papers that ever passed from the White House to Congress.

—A. Williamson, a well known lumberman of Bellewood, has purchased from heirs of John Rohn estate over 1,000 acres of excellent timber land, lying along the West Branch railroad in the vicinity of Karthaus. The tract contains over three million of lumber. The consideration was $7,000. John Rohn is the man who mysteriously disappeared about four years ago and no trace of him was ever found, it being the general supposition that he was murdered and his body hidden.

—Representative George F. Burgess, of Texas, has the distinction of dictating a paragraph for the message which President Roosevelt sent to Congress during the regular session, which began on December 7th and is elsewhere published in this issue. It has reference to the ravages of the cotton ball weevil.

—Reed Knox, who has been acting as confidential clerk for his father, the United States Attorney General, has resigned from the department and will devote his time to the Knox farm of 300 acres at Valley Forge. Father and son will engage in the business of raising blooded cattle.

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

Washington, Dec. 7.—The president's message has been transmitted to congress. Its principal features are as follows:

The country is to be congratulated on the amount of substantial achievement which has marked the past year both as regards our foreign and as regards our domestic policy.

With a nation as with a man the most important things are those of the household, and therefore the country is especially to be congratulated on what has been accomplished in the direction of providing for the exercise of supervision over the great corporations and combinations of corporations engaged in interstate commerce. The congress has created the department of commerce and labor, including the bureau of corporations, with for the first time authority to secure proper publicity of such proceedings of these great corporations as the public has the right to know. It has provided for the expediting of suits for the enforcement of the federal antitrust law, and by another law it has secured equal treatment to all producers in the transportation of their goods, thus taking a long stride forward in making effective the work of the interstate commerce commission.

The preliminary work of the bureau of corporations in the department of labor has shown the wisdom of its creation. Publicity in corporate affairs will tend to do away with ignorance and will afford facts upon which intelligent action may be taken. Systematic, intelligent investigation is already developing facts the knowledge of which is essential to a right understanding of the needs and duties of the business world. The corporation which is honestly and fairly organized, whose managers in the conduct of its business recognize their obligation to deal squarely with their stockholders, their competitors and the public, has nothing to fear from such supervision. The purpose of this bureau is not to embarrass or assail legitimate business, but to aid in bringing about a better industrial condition—a condition under which there shall be obedience to law and recognition of public obligation by all corporations, great or small. The department of commerce and labor will be not only the clearing house for information regarding the business transactions of the nation, but the executive arm of the government to aid in strengthening our domestic and foreign markets, in perfecting our transportation facilities, in building up our merchant marine, in preventing the entrance of undesirable immigrants, in improving commercial and industrial conditions and in bringing together on common ground those necessary partners in industrial progress—capital and labor.

Capital and Labor.

The consistent policy of the national government, so far as it has the power, is to hold in check the unscrupulous man, whether employer or employee, but to refuse to weaken individual initiative or to hamper or cramp the industrial development of the country. We recognize that this is an era of federation and combination, in which great capitalistic corporations and labor unions have become factors of tremendous importance in all industrial centers. Hearty recognition is given the far reaching, beneficent work which has been accomplished through both corporations and unions, and the line as between different corporations, as between different unions, is drawn as it is between different individuals—that is, it is drawn on conduct, the effort being to treat both organized capital and organized labor alike, asking nothing save that the interest of each shall be brought into harmony with the interest of the general public and that the conduct of each shall conform to the fundamental rules of obedience to law, of individual freedom and of justice and fair dealing toward all. Whenever either corporation, labor union or individual disregards the law or acts in a spirit of arbitrary and tyrannous interference with the rights of others, whether corporations or individuals, then where the federal government has jurisdiction it will see to it that the misconduct is stopped, paying not the slightest heed to the position or power of the corporation, the union or the individual, but only to one vital fact—that is, the question whether or not the conduct of the individual or aggregate of individuals is in accordance with the law of the land. Every man must be guaranteed his liberty and his right to do as he likes with his property or his labor so long as he does not infringe the rights of others.

Government Receipts and Expenditures.

From all sources, exclusive of the postal service, the receipts of the government for the last fiscal year aggregated $560,396,674. The expenditures for the same period were $506,699,007, the surplus for the fiscal year being $54,297,667. The indications are that the surplus for the present fiscal year will be very small, if indeed there be any surplus. From July to November the receipts from customs were, approximately, $9,000,000 less than the receipts from the same source for a corresponding portion last year. Should this decrease continue at the same ratio throughout the fiscal year the surplus would be reduced by, approximately, $30,000,000. Should the revenue from customs suffer much further decrease during the fiscal year the surplus would vanish. A large surplus is certainly undesirable. Two years ago the war taxes were taken off with the express intention of equalizing the governmental receipts and expenditures, and, though the first year thereafter still showed a surplus, it now seems likely that a substantial equality of revenue and expenditure will be attained. Such being the case, it is of great moment both to exercise care and economy in appropriations and to scan sharply any change in our fiscal revenue system which may reduce our income. The need of strict economy in our expenditures is emphasized by the fact that we cannot afford to be parsimonious in providing for what is essential to our national well being.

Needs of Financial Situation.

The integrity of our currency is beyond question, and under present conditions it would be unwise and unnecessary to attempt a reconstruction of our entire monetary system. The same liberty should be granted the secretary of the treasury to deposit customs receipts as is granted him in the deposit of receipts from other sources. In my message of Dec. 2, 1902, I called attention to certain needs of the financial situation, and I again ask for consideration of the congress for these questions.

[The president commends the work of the international monetary conference and advises its continuance.]

A majority of our people desire that steps be taken in the interests of American shipping, so that we may once more resume our former position in the ocean carrying trade. But hitherto the differences of opinion as to the proper method of reaching this end have been so wide that it has proved impossible to secure the adoption of any particular scheme. Having in view these facts, I recommend that the congress direct the secretary of the navy, the postmaster general and the secretary of commerce and labor, associated with such a representation from the senate and house of representatives as the congress in its wisdom may designate, to serve as a commission for the purpose of investigating and reporting to the congress at its next session what legislation is desirable or necessary for the development of the American merchant marine and American commerce and incidentally of a national ocean mail service of adequate auxiliary naval cruisers and naval reserves. While such a measure is desirable in any event, it is especially desirable at this time, in view of the fact that our present governmental contract for ocean mail with the American line will expire in 1905. The establishment of new lines of cargo ships to South America, to Asia and elsewhere would be much in the interest of our commercial expansion.

Immigration.

We cannot have too much immigration of the right kind, and we should have none at all of the wrong kind. The need is to devise some system by which undesirable immigrants shall be kept out entirely, while desirable immigrants are properly distributed throughout the country. At present some districts which need immigrants have none, and in others, where the population is already congested, immigrants come in such numbers as to depress the conditions of life for those already there. During the last two years the immigration service at New York has been greatly improved and the corruption and inefficiency which formerly obtained there have been eradicated. This service has just been investigated by a committee of New York citizens of high standing, Messrs. Arthur v. Briesen, Lee K. Frankel, Eugene A. Philbin, Thomas W. Hynes and Ralph Trautman. Their report deals with the whole situation at length and concludes with certain recommendations for administrative and legislative action. It is now receiving the attention of the secretary of commerce and labor.

Naturalization Frauds.

The special investigation of the subject of naturalization under the direction of the attorney general and the consequent prosecutions reveal a condition of affairs calling for the immediate attention of the congress. Forgeries and perjuries of shameless and flagrant character have been perpetrated not only in the dense centers of population, but throughout the country, and it is established beyond doubt that very many so called citizens of the United States have no title whatever to that right and are asserting and enjoying the benefits of the same through the grossest frauds. It is never to be forgotten that citizenship is, to quote the words recently used by the supreme court of the United States, an "inestimable heritage," whether it proceeds from birth within the country or is obtained by naturalization, and we poison the sources of our national character and strength at the fountain if the privilege is claimed and exercised without right and by means of fraud and corruption.

The federal grand jury lately in session in New York city dealt with this subject and made a presentment which states the situation briefly and forcibly and contains important suggestions for the consideration of the congress. This presentment is included as an appendix to the report of the attorney general.

Public Land and Postal Frauds.

In my last annual message, in connection with the subject of the due regulation of combinations of capital which are or may become injurious to the public, I recommended a special appropriation for the better enforcement of the antitrust law as it now stands, to be expended under the direction of the attorney general. Accordingly (by the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation act of Feb. 25, 1903, 32 Stat., 854, 904), the congress appropriated for the purpose of enforcing the various federal trust and interstate commerce laws the sum of $500,000, to be expended under the direction of the attorney general in the employment of special counsel and agents in the department of justice to conduct proceedings and prosecutions under said laws in the courts of the United States. I now recommend, as a matter of the utmost importance and urgency, the extension of the purposes of this appropriation, so that it may be available, under the direction of the attorney general and until used, for the due enforcement of the laws of the United States in general and especially of the civil and criminal laws relating to public lands and the laws relating to postal crimes and offenses and the subject of naturalization. Recent investigations have shown a deplorable state of affairs in these three matters of vital concern. By various frauds and by forgeries and perjuries thousands of acres of the public domain, embracing lands of different character and extending through various sections of the country, have been dishonestly acquired. It is hardly necessary to urge the importance of recovering these dishonest acquisitions, stolen from the people, and of promptly and duly punishing the offenders.

Through frauds, forgeries and perjuries and by shameless briberies the laws relating to the proper conduct of the public service in general and to the due administration of the postoffice department have been notoriously violated, and many indictments have been found, and the consequent prosecutions are in course of hearing or on the eve thereof. For the reasons thus indicated and so that the government may be prepared to enforce promptly and with the greatest effect the due penalties for such violations of law, and to this end may be furnished with sufficient instrumentalities and competent legal assistance for the investigations and trials which will be necessary at many different points of the country, I urge upon the congress the necessity of making the said appropriation available for immediate use for all such purposes, to be expended under the direction of the attorney general.

Need For Treaties Making Bribery Extraditable.

Steps have been taken by the state department looking to the making of bribery an extraditable offense with foreign powers. The need of more effective treaties covering this crime is manifest. The exposures and prosecutions of official corruption in St. Louis, Mo., and other cities and states have resulted in a number of givers and takers of bribes becoming fugitives in foreign lands. Bribery has not been included in extradition treaties heretofore, as the necessity for it has not arisen. While there may have been as much official corruption in former years, there has been more developed and brought to light in the immediate past than in the preceding century of our country's history. It should be the policy of the United States to leave no place on earth where a corrupt man fleeing from this country can rest in peace.

Alaskan Boundary.

After unavailing attempts to reach an understanding on the Alaskan boundary question through a joint high commission, followed by prolonged negotiations, conducted in an amicable spirit, a convention between the United States and Great Britain was signed Jan. 24, 1903, providing for an examination of the subject by a mixed tribunal of six members, three on a side, with a view to its final disposition. Ratifications were exchanged on March 3 last, whereupon the two governments appointed their respective members. Those on behalf of the United States were Elihu Root, secretary of war; Henry Cabot Lodge, a senator of the United States, and George Turner, an ex-senator of the United States, while Great Britain named the Right Hon. Lord Alverstone, lord chief justice of England; Sir Louis Amable Jette, K. C. M. G., retired judge of the supreme court of Quebec, and A. B. Aylesworth, K. C., of Toronto. This tribunal met in London on Sept. 3 under the presidency of Lord Alverstone. On the 20th of October a majority of the tribunal reached and signed an agreement on all the questions submitted by the terms of the convention. By this award the right of the United States to the control of a continuous strip or border of the mainland shore, skirting all the tidewater inlets and sinuosities of the coast, is confirmed; the entrance to Portland canal, concerning which legitimate doubt appeared, is defined as passing by Tongass inlet and to the northwestward of Wales and Pearse islands; a line is drawn from the head of Portland canal to the fifty-sixth degree of north latitude, and the interior border line of the strip is fixed by lines connecting certain mountain summits lying between Portland canal and Mount St. Elias and running along the crest of the divide separating the coast slope from the inland watershed at the only part of the frontier where the drainage ridge approaches the coast within the distance of ten marine leagues, stipulated by the treaty as the extreme width of the strip around the heads of Lynn canal and its branches.

While the line so traced follows the provisional demarcation of 1878 at the crossing of the Stikine river and that of 1899 at the summits of the White and Chilkoot passes, it runs much farther inland from the Klehini than the temporary line of the later modus vivendi and leaves the entire mining district of the Porcupine river and Glacier creek within the jurisdiction of the United States.

[The president here recapitulates the details of the imbroglio between European powers and Venezuela and the reference of certain points of the controversy to The Hague tribunal through the influence of the United States. This he calls a victory for American diplomacy and a triumph for international arbitration. He advocates an extension of international law to exempt all private property at sea from capture of destruction by forces of belligerent powers.]

International Arbitration.

Last year the interparliamentary union for international arbitration met at Vienna, 600 members of the different legislatures of civilized countries attending. It was provided that the next meeting should be in 1904 at St. Louis, subject to our congress extending an invitation. Like The Hague tribunal, this interparliamentary union is one of the forces tending toward peace among the nations of the earth, and it is entitled to our support. I trust the invitation can be extended.

Early in July, having received intelligence, which happily turned out to be erroneous, of the assassination of our vice consul at Beirut, I dispatched a small squadron to that port for such service as might be found necessary on arrival. Although the attempt on the life of our vice consul had not been successful, yet the outrage was symptomatic of a state of excitement and disorder which demanded immediate attention. The arrival of the vessels had the happiest result. A feeling of security at once took the place of the former alarm and disquiet. Our officers were cordially welcomed by the consular body and the leading merchants, and ordinary business resumed its activity. The government of the sultan gave a considerate hearing to the representations of our minister; the official who was regarded as responsible for the disturbed condition of affairs was removed. Our relations with the Turkish government remain friendly. Our claims founded on inequitable treatment of some of our schools and missions appear to be in process of amicable adjustment.

Relations With China.

The signing of a new commercial treaty with China, which took place at Shanghai on the 8th of October, is a cause for satisfaction. This act, the result of long discussion and negotiation, places our commercial relations with the great oriental empire on a more satisfactory footing than they have ever heretofore enjoyed. It provides not only for the ordinary rights and privileges of diplomatic and consular officers, but also for an important extension of our commerce by increased facility of access to Chinese ports and for the relief of trade by the removal of some of the obstacles which have embarrassed it in the past.

I trust that the congress will continue to favor in all proper ways the Louisiana Purchase exposition. This exposition commemorates the Louisiana purchase, which was the first great step in the expansion which made us a continental nation. The expedition of Lewis and Clark across the continent followed thereon and marked the beginning of the process of exploration and colonization which thrust our national boundaries to the Pacific.

The acquisition of the Oregon country, including the present states of Oregon and Washington, was a fact of immense importance in our history, first giving us our place on the Pacific seaboard and making ready the way for our ascendency in the commerce of the greatest of the oceans. The centennial of our establishment upon the western coast by the expedition of Lewis and Clark is to be celebrated at Portland, Ore., by an exposition in the summer of 1905, and this event should receive recognition and support from the national government.

Development of Alaska.

I call your special attention to the territory of Alaska. The country is developing rapidly, and it has an assured future. The mineral wealth is great and has as yet hardly been tapped. The fisheries, if wisely handled and kept under national control, will be a business as permanent as any other and of the utmost importance to the people. The forests, if properly guarded, will form another great source of wealth. Portions of Alaska are fitted for farming and stock raising, although the methods must be adapted to the peculiar conditions of the country. Proper land laws should be enacted and the survey of the public lands immediately begun. Coal land laws should be provided whereby the coal land entryman may make his location and secure patent under methods kindred to those now prescribed for homestead and mineral entrymen. Salmon hatcheries, exclusively under government control, should be established. The cable should be extended from Sitka westward. Wagon roads and trails should be built and the building of railroads promoted in all legitimate ways. Lighthouses should be built along the coast. Attention should be paid to the needs of the Alaska Indians. Provision should be made for an officer, with deputies, to study their needs, relieve their immediate wants and help them adapt themselves to the new conditions.

I recommend that an appropriation be made for building lighthouses in Hawaii and taking possession of those already built. The territory should be reimbursed for whatever amounts it has already expended for lighthouses. The governor should be empowered to suspend or remove any official appointed by him, without submitting the matter to the legislature.

The Philippines and Porto Rico.

Of our insular possessions, the Philippines and Porto Rico, it is gratifying to say that their steady progress has been such as to make it unnecessary to spend much time in discussing them. Yet the congress should ever keep in mind that a peculiar obligation rests upon us to further in every way the welfare of these communities. The Philippines should be knit closer to us by tariff arrangements. It would, of course, be impossible suddenly to raise the people of the islands to the high pitch of industrial prosperity and of governmental efficiency to which they will in the end by degrees attain, and the caution and moderation shown in developing them have been among the main reasons why this development has hitherto gone on so smoothly. Scrupulous care has been taken in the choice of governmental agents and the entire elimination of partisan politics from the public service. The condition of the islanders is in material things far better than ever before, while their governmental, intellectual and moral advance has kept pace with their material advance. No one people ever benefited another people more than we have benefited the Filipinos by taking possession of the islands.

Preservation of Forests.

The work of reclamation of the arid lands of the west is progressing steadily and satisfactorily under the terms of the law setting aside the proceeds from the disposal of public lands.

The study of the opportunities of reclamation of the vast extent of arid land shows that whether this reclamation is done by individuals, corporations or the state, the sources of water supply must be effectively protected and the reservoirs guarded by the preservation of the forests at the headwaters of the streams. The necessity for perpetuating our forest resources, whether in public or private hands, is recognized now as never before. It is recommended that all matters pertaining to forest reserves, except those involving or pertaining to land titles, be consolidated in the bureau of forestry of the department of agriculture.

The cotton growing states have recently been invaded by a weevil that has done much damage and threatens the entire cotton industry. I suggest to the congress the prompt enactment of such remedial legislation as its judgment may approve.

No other class of our citizens deserves so well of the nation as those to whom the nation owes its very being, the veterans of the civil war. Special attention is asked to the excellent work of the pension bureau in expediting and disposing of pension claims. During the fiscal year ending July 1, 1903, the bureau settled 251,982 claims, an average of 825 claims for each working day of the year. The number of settlements since July 1, 1903, has been in excess of last year's average, approaching 1,000 claims for each working day, and it is believed that the work of the bureau will be current at the close of the present fiscal year.

Extension of Civil Service Rules.

During the year ended June 30 last 25,566 persons were appointed through competitive examinations under the civil service rules. This was 12,672 more than during the preceding year and 40 per cent of those who passed the examinations. This abnormal growth was largely occasioned by the extension of classification to the rural free delivery service and the appointment last year of over 9,000 rural carriers. A revision of the civil service rules took effect on April 15 last, which has greatly improved their operation. The completion of the reform of the civil service is recognized by good citizens everywhere as a matter of the highest public importance, and the success of the merit system largely depends upon the effectiveness of the rules and the machinery provided for their enforcement. A very gratifying spirit of friendly co-operation exists in all the departments of the government in the enforcement and uniform observance of both the letter and spirit of the civil service act.

The Army and Navy.

The effect of the laws providing a general staff for the army and for the more effective use of the national guard has been excellent. Great improvement has been made in the efficiency of our army in recent years. Such schools as those erected at Fort Leavenworth and Fort Riley and the institution of fall maneuver work accomplish satisfactory results. The good effect of these maneuvers upon the national guard is marked, and ample appropriation should be made to enable the guardsmen of the several states to share in the benefit. The government should as soon as possible secure suitable permanent camp sites for military maneuvers in the various sections of the country.

I heartily congratulate the congress upon the steady progress in building up the American navy. We cannot afford a let-up in this great work. To stand still means to go back. There should be no cessation in adding to the effective units of the fighting strength of the fleet. Meanwhile the navy department and the officers of the navy are doing well their part by providing constant service at sea under conditions akin to those of actual warfare. Our officers and enlisted men are learning to handle the battleships, cruisers and torpedo boats with high efficiency in fleet and squadron formations, and the standard of marksmanship is being steadily raised. The best work ashore is indispensable, but the highest duty of a naval officer is to exercise command at sea. It is eminently desirable that a naval general staff should be established.

Isthmian Canal.

By the act of June 28, 1902, the congress authorized the president to enter into treaty with Colombia for the building of the canal across the isthmus of Panama, it being provided that in the event of failure to secure such treaty after the lapse of a reasonable

Continued on page 4

CORRESPONDENCE

MILLHEIM.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Bossler, of Freeburg, were visitors at the home of Mr, Mrs. Jerome Spigelmyer on Penn street for a few days.

The party of hunters from this place headed by 'Squire Musser, who had been at State Ridge for a week, returned last Friday with no game of any kind.

F. C. Waters, of Danville, hardware agent was in town recently.

Mrs George E. Mench, who has been sick for some time, at this writing has not improved much

Col. M. S. Wagonseller, of Selinsgrove was in town a few days ago,

D L. Zerby, of this borough, killed two hogs last week, the combined weight was 1403. The heaviest one weighed 715 pounds. The postmaster at Hannah with his 661 pound hog, can take a back seat. These Zerby hogs were 18 months old Hogs that are butchered here, weighing less than 500 are not much thought of. There is not a town in Pennsylvania, of the size of Millheim, that kills so many large fat hogs, we challenge the state. We know of six hogs killed here, weighing nearly two tons.

J. T. Hess, of Pittsburg. Samuel Barnitz, of Mifflinburg, W. A. Hoffman, of Millersburg, and Henry Kondalf, of Rochester, N. Y., registered at the Musser house

D. I. Koch, of Sunbury, W. H. Smith and ex-Sheriff Cyrus Brungard, of Bellefonte, John T. McCormick, of State College, C. R. Crevling, of Bloomsburg and E. B. Kieley, of Dickinson College registered at the National.

The public sale of J. C. Snook on the Gephart farm near town last Thursday was well attended, and good prices resulted. H. H. Miller, of Rebersburg, auctioneer, and F. O. Hosterman and G. W. Stover, clerks. The sale amounted to over $1500 dollars.

Ammon Snook, on Monday moved on the Gephart farm near town, recently occupied by J. C. Snook.

There was a great many people in town last Saturday, and the stores did a rushing business, especially the clothing store of D. I. Neiman where it took 5 clerks to wait on the customers.

This week will about finish up the butchering business. "Ponhaus, sassage, scrappel" are very plentiful.

Wm. Kramer killed a porker that weighed 594 pounds and Henry Brown one that weighed 573.

W. F. Garrets, of Lebanon, was in town on Monday.

H. H. Romberger, of Philadelphia, proprietor of the Millheim Knitting mills was a visitor in town.

M. E. Dieffenderfer, of Mifflinburg, was in town this week.

I. J. McCalmont, of State College, transacted business here this week.

H. M. Gray, of Tyrone, shook hands with his friends here recently.

J. E. Sheibley, of Harrisburg, was in town on Monday night.

W. F. Chase, of Philadelphia, was in town this week.

D. O. Hazel, of Bellefonte, was in town on Tuesday and Wednesday.

John L Traviss, a representative of the Estey Organ Co., was in town this week.

H. F. Rice, of Harrisburg, H. B. Campbell, of Philadelphia, B. F. Arnold, of Freeburg, C. M. Harrold, of Freeburg, J. A. Breininger, of Williamsport, G. M. Allen, of New York, and B. D. Tate, of Bellefonte, were business visitors in town this week.

OAK HALL.

Luther Peters & Harry Blazer spent Saturday in Bellefonte.

Mrs. Wm. Kahn after spending a short time with her parents Mr. and Mrs J. A. Kline, at this place, left for her new home in Altoona last week.

Geo. W. Kline departed for Farmers Mills on Monday after spending two weeks vacation at home.

Mrs. Harry Burns and Miss Olive Overe spent Saturday in Bellefonte.

John Weaver, of Milesburg, visited old friends here over Sunday.

Samuel Knoff, of State College, visited his relatives over Sunday at this place.

Edith Weibly, of State College, visited her uncle Wm. Bohns last Friday.

Clifford Close visited his sister, Mrs. Ira Corman, at Pine Grove last week.

Mrs. Isaac Tressler spent Thursday at State College.

Miss Marion Benner is sewing at Fillmore at present.

Miss Annie Kaup has been confined to her bed with rheumatism for some time.

Mr. and Mrs. John A. Kline made a trip to Centre Hall on Monday.

Wm. Frye, of Pittsburg, is at present visiting the Peters home.

Miss Mattie Klinger, of Lemont, spent Saturday at the Peters home.

Cornelius Kline and son George, visited at Centre Hall last week.

Wm. Etters called at his old home in this place last Tuesday.

Martin Williams has moved into Wm Bohns house.

MILESBURG.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. B. Miles gave a reception on Thursday eve in honor of their niece, Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Harvey who was recently married.

Mrs. Sarah Wilson spent Sunday in Bellefonte.

C. Milton Smith arrived home from an outing with a party of hunters, shooting two fine deer.

Wm. Baird and Wm Walker, returned home with a fine deer, Headquarters at the Poorman's camp.

Miss Gertrude Confer spent Saturday in the burg.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Strickland spent Wednesday with his sister Mrs. Oscar E. Miles and family.

Miss Mary Johnson is visiting her sister Mrs. Frank Sairey of Jersey Shore.

UNIONVILLE.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. T. Griest of Hastings are visitors at the home of his parents Mr. and Mrs, A. J. Griest.

J. L. Rich was a visitor over Sunday here.

Mr. and Mrs. Enos Bloom of New Millport, Clearfield Co., were recent guests of their niece, Mrs. Chas. Eckenroth. They were here to visit her brother E. E. Erhard who is confined to his daughter's home as he is not yet able to be moved to his home below town on account of his recent injury.

The protracted meeting in the M. E. Church is still progressing finely. Many conversions have been the result of the meeting. All of the pupils of the grammar school except four or five have professed conversion. Let the good work go on.

Mrs. Howard Holtzworth and Mrs, Joseph Brugger were visitors at Snow Shoe last week at the home of Mrs. Addie Musser.

Mr. and Mrs. Loyd Underwood of Pitcairn are visiting at the home of his parents Mr. and Mrs. Jason Underwood above town.

MADISONBURG.

Mrs. G. N. Limbert and son Paul, from Danville, was the guest of her mother-in-law Caroline Limbert on Wednesday of last week.

Mrs. F. A. Yearick and daughter Tessie, visited the ladies daughter Mrs. W. E. Yearick at Parvin a few days of last week.

Mrs. Amanda Miller attended the funeral of her brother Mr. Manuel Grime's at Tylersville on Saturday.

C. M. Sheats, wife and two children are the guest of the lady's parents Mr. and Mrs. Ocker a few days this week.

Mr. N. A. Yearick from Lock Haven spent Sunday with his wife.

Mr. R. H. Douty spent Saturday at Lock Haven hospital visiting his wife, who underwent a very successful operation a few days ago.

Mrs. Ada Botorf from Fleming, Pa., is the guest of her parents Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Hockman.

PORT MATILDA.

Messrs Clement Dale and W. B. Rankin were seen in town last week.

Some of our people have already began filling their ice houses but find the ice very thin.

The Knights of the Golden Eagles are putting a new roof on their Building No. 219 of this place.

Charley Woodring spent Saturday in Bellefonte.

Mrs. Bell Woodring and Mrs. Edith McKelvey were Altoona visitors recently.

Dan and Charley, secured the Millers little mules and dray, and got 7 or 8 of our large girls into the conveyance and drove to Stormstown Monday to attend the big revival.

DREW BEAD ON COW.

Gun is Discharged and a Dead Cow is the Result.

Another reason is given here why a gun, loaded or otherwise, should not be pointed at any living object unless the intention is to kill. The discharge of the gun in this case was, no doubt, purely accidental, but had the deadly weapon not been aimed at a good milch cow, this story would not appear here.

The accident occurred at the home of Jacob Royer, of near Colyer. It appears Mr. Royer was butchering and that the hogs were "knocked out of time" with a modern rifle. After the hogs had been killed no one thought that it would be necessary to break up a splendid fire arm to insure the life of the remainder of Mr. Royer's stock so the implement was just laid aside.

Later the rifle was picked up a hunter of considerable experience and just at that instant the family cow came marching along. "Were that cow a deer, what a delightful shot!" or words expressing that thought, were uttered. The polished steel was brought to the shoulder, a bead was taken on the cow—bang! The brute dropped dead.

Measles in Williamsport. Mumps in Renovo.

There is a mild epidemic of German measles or a disease closely resembling it, prevalent in some sections of Williamsport The disease has caused no deaths, but it is nevertheless very contagious and may be followed by serious results in some cases.

There is a slight epidemic of the mumps among the children in Renovo, a large number of them being ill of the disease.

—John Wilson, manager of the Western Union Telegraph office is confined to his home with an attack of pleurisy. During his absence the office is in charge of Maurice J. Kelley.

FACTS

TO REMEMBER

In The Rush of Holiday Buying.

Remember:

That this is a man's store, our goods are cheaper for men's use and are such as they approve.

That women may deal here with perfect confidence, assured in advance that their selection may be made from the largest and best variety.

Remember:

That all my business years have been devoted to supplying men's and boys' dress requirements and while we do not sell women's wear of any kind or shoes, we do thoroughly understand clothing, outfitting and headwear.

Remember:

That gloves, neckwear, shirts, hosiery, suit cases, traveling bags, bath robes, smoking jackets, (goods especially desired for gifts) are those for which we have a natural aptitude and of which we sell large quantities, forewarned by the demands of other years, we have provided even larger than usual for the Holiday season.

Remember:

That the prestige attached to supply Sim The Clothier with goods draws many "plums" from makers who are anxious to sell us. Often these inducements take the form of price advantages, which we gladly share with our customers. These carefully chosen, high-class merchandise never cost more and frequently less than inferior grades elsewhere.

Remember:

That there are no dark corners or dingy places in this store. We have abundant daylight and supplement it with plenty of other as the sun goes down. Our goods will stand close scrutiny.

Remember:

That when advice is asked we will give such suggestions as to size we believe the receiver should wear or the style of goods we think the receiver would select if he were here to do the purchasing himself. These suggestions will be given and based only as our best judgment prompts.

Moreover we cheerfully return the money or exchange goods brought back no matter whether buyer, receiver or whoever cares to bring the goods in our store. We refund or exchange just as you require even though it be after the Holidays.

Goods will be delivered at your home at time desired.

Remember:

That our advertising statements are truthful. We would rather under-state than over-state our abilities or goods.

Remember:

That we are authorities for and showing a broader variety of absolutely correct clothing, outfitting and hats for men and boys.

SIM

The Clothier,

Finest Clothier and Outfitter.

Commencing Mon. 14 this store open evenings until 9:00.

—Saturday afternoon a stranger was talking to another man at Mill Hall depot when the train pulled out from the Bald Eagle Valley railroad station. Noticing this the stranger made an attempt to get on, but in doing so he lost his hold and was thrown under the moving train about half of his body being on either side of the rail. By supreme presence of mind he threw himself quickly around out of danger. It was a close call and caused the spectators to hold their breath for the moment.

President's Message.

continued from page 4.

time recourse should be had to building a canal through Nicaragua. It has not been necessary to consider this alternative, as I am enabled to lay before the senate a treaty providing for the building of the canal across the isthmus of Panama. This was the route which commended itself to the deliberate judgment of the congress, and we can now acquire by treaty the right to construct the canal over this route. The question now, therefore, is not by which route the isthmian canal shall be built, for that question has been definitely and irrevocably decided. The question is simply whether or not we shall have an isthmian canal.

When the congress directed that we should take the Panama route under treaty with Colombia the essence of the condition, of course, referred not to the government which controlled that route, but to the route itself; to the territory across which the route lay, not to the name which for the moment the territory bore on the map. The purpose of the law was to authorize the president to make a treaty with the power in actual control of the isthmus of Panama. This purpose has been fulfilled.

For 400 years, ever since shortly after the discovery of this hemisphere, the canal across the isthmus has been planned. For twoscore years it has been worked at. When made it is to last for the ages. It is to alter the geography of a continent and the trade routes of the world. We have shown by every treaty we have negotiated or attempted to negotiate with the peoples in control of the isthmus and with foreign nations in reference thereto our consistent good faith in observing our obligations, on the one hand to the peoples of the isthmus and on the other hand to the civilized world, whose commercial rights we are safeguarding and guaranteeing by our action. We have done our duty to others in letter and in spirit, and we have shown the utmost forbearance in exacting our own rights.

Repudiation of Treaty by Colombia.

Last spring a treaty concluded between the representatives of the republic of Colombia and of our government was ratified by the senate. This treaty was entered into at the urgent solicitation of the people of Colombia and after a body of experts appointed by our government especially to go into the matter of the routes across the isthmus had pronounced unanimously in favor of the Panama route. In drawing up this treaty every concession was made to the people and to the government of Colombia. We were more than just in dealing with them. Our generosity was such as to make it a serious question whether we had not gone too far in their interest at the expense of our own, for in our scrupulous desire to pay all possible heed not merely to the real but even to the fancied rights of our weaker neighbor, who already owed so much to our protection and forbearance, we yielded in all possible ways to her desires in drawing up the treaty. Nevertheless the government of Colombia not merely repudiated the treaty, but repudiated it in such manner as to make it evident by the time the Colombian congress adjourned that not the scantiest hope remained of ever getting a satisfactory treaty from them.

Revolution In Panama.

The people of Panama had long been discontented with the republic of Colombia, and they had been kept quiet only by the prospect of the conclusion of the canal treaty, which was to them a matter of vital concern. When it became evident that the treaty was hopelessly lost the people of Panama rose literally as one man. Not a shot was fired by a single man on the isthmus in the interest of the Colombian government. Not a life was lost in the accomplishment of the revolution. The Colombian troops stationed on the isthmus, who had long been unpaid, made common cause with the people of Panama, and with astonishing unanimity the new republic was started. The duty of the United States in the premises was clear. In strict accordance with the principles laid down by Secretaries Cass and Seward, the United States gave notice that it would permit the landing of no expeditionary force, the arrival of which would mean chaos and destruction along the line of the railroad and of the proposed canal and an interruption of transit as an inevitable consequence. The de facto government of Panama was recognized.

Under such circumstances the government of the United States would have been guilty of folly and weakness, amounting in their sum to a crime against the nation, had it acted otherwise than it did when the revolution of Nov. 3 last took place in Panama. This great enterprise of building the interoceanic canal cannot be held up to gratify the whims or out of respect to the governmental impotence or to the even more sinister and evil political peculiarities of people who, though they dwell afar off, yet, against the wish of the actual dwellers on the isthmus, assert an unreal supremacy over the territory. The possession of a territory fraught with such peculiar capacities as the isthmus in question carries with it obligations to mankind. The course of events has shown that this canal cannot be built by private enterprise or by any other nation than our own; therefore it must be built by the United States.

New Treaty With Panama.

Every effort has been made by the government of the United States to persuade Colombia to follow a course which was essentially not only to our interests and to the interests of the world, but to the interests of Colombia itself. These efforts have failed, and Colombia, by her persistence in repulsing the advances that have been made, has forced us for the sake of our own honor and of the interest and well being, not merely of our own people, but of the people of the isthmus of Panama and the people of the civilized countries of the world, to take decisive steps to bring to an end a condition of affairs which had become intolerable. The new republic of Panama immediately offered to negotiate a treaty with us. This treaty I herewith submit. By it our interests are better safeguarded than in the treaty with Colombia which was ratified by the senate at its last session. It is better in its terms than the treaties offered to us by the republics of Nicaragua and Costa Rica. At last the right to begin this great undertaking is made available. Panama has done her part. All that remains is for the American congress to do its part, and forthwith this republic will enter upon the execution of a project colossal in its size and of well nigh incalculable possibilities for the good of this country and the nations of mankind.

A Bargain for Farmers.

The New York Tribune Farmer, a national illustrated agricultural weekly of twenty large pages, has no superior as a thoroughly practical and helpful publication for the farmer and every member of his family, and the publishers are determined to give it a circulation unequalled by any paper of its class in the United States.

Knowing that every enterprising, up-to-date farmer always reads his own local weekly newspaper, The New-York Tribune Farmer has made an exceedingly liberal arrangement which enables us to offer the two papers at so low a price that no farmer can afford to lose the opportunity.

The price of The New-York Tribune Farmer is $1 00 a year and Bellefonte Republican is $1.00 a year if you forward $1.00 to "The Bellefonte Republican, Bellefonte, Pa. We have a large number of subscribers who are in arrears, many for a long number of years and to all these we make this liberal offer. The price of the Republican when not paid in advance is $1 50 a year, to all that will settle up in full before the 1st of January, 1904, and one year in advance, we will accept one dollar a year and give The Tribune Farmer for one full year free

Send your name and address to The New-York Tribune Farmer, New-York City, and a specimen copy of that paper will be mailed to you.

Rep-Vol-36 No-46-tf.

Memory of Bye-Gone Days.

My thoughts turn back to Forty four,
Or somewhere there about;
When all the boys wore home spun cloth
Made into round-abouts,

Yes, how I think of by gone days.
That ha ve so quickly fled;
The little prayer we said at night,
Beside the trundle bed.

I think of that good, old fire-place,
Where the fat lamp burned;
The barn with the old thatched roof,
The wind-mill which we turned.

Then in the long, long summer days,
We went to summer school;
How at noon, we dived and splashed
Down in the swimming pool.

We may forget a friend or foe,
Or things in many ways;
But who can forget; no never.
His happy boyhood days.

—W. T. Speer.

Christmas Holidays

will soon be here. Are you going to make a present? If so make a practical one. For a lady, a Comb and Brush Set, bottle of choice Perfume, Pocket Book, Satchel, Hand Mirror, Fern Jar or Manicure Set. For a gentleman, a pair of Military Brushes, Bill Book, Shoe Set, Shaving Set or a Traveling Set would be appropriate. It pays to make your selection early. We will be glad to show you what we have in the line of presents and quote prices. Call in and see if we cannot suit you.

Green's Pharmacy,

BUSH HOUSE BLOCK, Bellefonte, Pa

Important Discovery.

What is believed to be a very important discovery has been made in an accidental way by Dr. J. A. Lee, veterinary surgeon, of Zanesville, Ohio. After trying to cure a horse of lockjaw by using anti-toxine, it was decided the horse would not recovery. To kill it the surgeon injected a drachm of prussic acid into the horse's jugular vein. Instead of dying the horse is rapidly recovering.

—The Fischler Orchestra of Williamsport was in town Friday while on their way to State College where they furnished the music for a dance Friday evening.

WANTED—An enterprising farmer in this section to canvass during the late fall and winter among the farmers in his vicinity. Must be active, capable and honest. Work will prove profitable to a good man and can be made a source of regular and easily earned income each year. To it may be devoted as much or as little time as may be desired. If interested write at once to T M. G., Box 74, Albany, N. Y.

DIVORCE NOTICE.

WILLIAM BAUGHMAN vs MARY E. BAUGHMAN } In the Court of Common Please of Centre County, No. 1, Jan. T., 1903, Subpeona in divorce.

The undersigned Commissioner, appointed by said Court to take testimony in the above stated case and report the same to the Court will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in Temple Court, in Bellefonte, Pa., on Friday the 18th day of December, 1903, at 10 o'clock, a. m., when and where all parties interested can attend if they see proper to do so.

J. THOMAS MITCHELL, Commissioner.

Rep-4-t. 27-3-10-17

ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE.

Estate of Elwood Fisher, deceased, late of Union Township. Letters of administration having been duly granted on the above estate she would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to the estate to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

MRS. MAME FISHER, Admrx. Fleming, Pa.

WANTED—FAITHFUL PERSON TO CALL ON retail trade and agents for manufacturing house having well established business; local territory; straight salary $ 0 paid weekly and expense money advanced; previous experience unnecessary; position permanent; business successful. Enclose self-addressed envelope. Superintendent Travelers, 605 Monon Building, Chicago.

Rep-8-t, Vol. 36 No. 45.

The Piano That Santa Claus Bought.

Is perhaps better appreciated than an instrument entering the home at any other time than Christmas Day.

Be that as it may, the Pianos we are selling to our many customers each succeeding week can be relied upon for their exquisite sweetness and rich melody, and there is no more sumptuous or appropriate Xmas gift than one of these magnificent instruments. Splendidly and artistically designed and carved, their interior is only a suggestion of the musical beauty contained

STANDARD MADE.

The line of PIANOS we are offering for the month of December is the largest, most varied and attractive than we have ever shown, while prices continue low and terms to suit.

Don't miss the bargains, we have on new and slightly used organs, of which we have a large line.

A Good Organ for $15 and upward.

We also have in stock a fine line of "Domestic," "White," "Wheeler and Wilson," "Eldridge," sewing machines. Box top and automatic drop lift at Bargain Prices. A fine drop lift machine for $20.00 and upward.

Remember all our goods are sold on contract, "that we exchange the articles sold for another if not satisfactory, giving our personal guarantee with that of the manufacturer's.

Phone or Address.

M. C. GEPHART,

29 S. Allegheny St., BELLEFONTE, PA.

NEW USE FOR FOOTBALL

Yale Instructor Applies the Sport to Greek Verse.

GAME WITH HARVARD THE TOPIC.

Dr. H. B. Wright's Theory Is That Football Arouses the Same Enthusiasm In Modern Youth That Events Described In the "Iliad" and "Odyssey" Inspired In Men of Other Days—Hearty Response Made to His Plan.

Football and the classics are being combined in the course of Greek at Yale, says a New Haven dispatch to the Philadelphia Press. Nearly a hundred poems recently written in Homeric verse on the subject of the Yale-Harvard football game were presented by members of Dr. H. B. Wright's Greek classes.

The poems are closely modeled on the "Iliad," and special attention to the use of Homeric epithet was required of the students. Instead, however, of references to "swift footed Achilles" and "Ajax, who bore his shield like a tower," it was "Roraback with his back sloped like a mountain" and "long headed, red headed Rockwell."

The poems were the result of a plan of Dr. H. B. Wright, instructor in Greek, to arouse the interest of the students and to familiarize them with the construction of the epic verse. His theory is that the game of football arouses the same feeling of intense enthusiasm in the modern youth that the events described in the "Iliad" and the "Odyssey" inspired in the men of former times. Accordingly he made an offer of extra credit to members of his classes who would present poems along the lines laid down. The general and enthusiastic response, he says, confirms him in his theory.

The offer was made after he had tried vainly to interest his classes in Greek. The language and lofty sentiments of Homer had no effect on the majority of the students, who seemed unable to get the spirit of the poetry. In trying to find a contemporaneous example of the feeling which inspired part of the world's greatest literature he thought of the game of football.

"Football is real and vivid to every one of these men," he said in explaining his idea. "It arouses the same intense admiration that is manifest in Homer. Rafferty, Hogan and Shevlin occupy positions almost like demigods of old in the estimation of the undergraduates. They are not unfitting subjects for heroic poetry; they have many of the qualifications—strength, courage, daring and brains. The battle is one in which the strong of body, the quick of eye and the swift of foot will triumph. The poetry which I have read is very satisfactory and shows that the men have caught the spirit I desired. Many of the epithets are truly Homeric."

The following is a part of one of the poems handed in:

This is the noble array which Rafferty, mighty in battle,
Led to the glorious conflict, under the bonny blue banner;
Farmer, the mighty line hitter, low smashing, firm as a mountain,
Guarded the center back field; Metcalf, the speedy, stood next him
Holding the line at his right hand, and Mitchell stood hard by his left hand.

Shevlin, whom Hermes, they say, had given his wonderful sandals,
Guarded the far right wing, strong in offense or defensive;
Rockwell, the crafty, was there, close behind Roraback, center,
Whom Bloomer, the mighty line smasher, and Batcheider, strong as a bullock,
Aided on either side.

PASSES FOR HEAVEN.

Dr. Dowie Claims His Influence Will Open Gates to Worthy.

The right to issue free passes to heaven to those he may recommend was claimed by John Alexander Dowie in his address at Zion City the other afternoon, says the Chicago Record-Herald. The speaker dwelt at length on his claim of being sent to command the world. He said:

"It matters not what people say of me, but it does and will matter what I say of them at the day of judgment. A man's power in heaven is to be measured by his work on earth, and as mine is one of the greatest my word at the judgment day will be worth something. It will count much what I recommend."

New Mask For Automobiles.

The difficulty automobilists find in protecting their faces has at last been satisfactorily solved, says a Paris cable dispatch to the New York Herald. Ugly masks and goggles are now likely to be cast aside for a new mask, which is strong and transparent and modifies in no way the appearance of fair complexions. It is constructed of transparent horn, with the usual spectacle glasses, and thus obviates the danger of fire so much feared with inflammable celluloid masks.

The Fashionable Flower.

Flowers have their day in the fashionable world as well as other modes, says the Washington Star. The expensive and beautiful orchid is the blossom of the moment smart women are wearing as a corsage adornment. This rare exotic has superseded even the violet, which will be only used in conjunction with it. Just over the heart is the spot la mode has selected for corsage flowers' resting place. The American Beauty will be the rose par excellence for decoration and as an offering at beauty's shrine. Nothing in the floral kingdom seems able to take the place given this magnificent rose.

YALE STUDENT A JUNKMAN

A Relative of J. P. Morgan Pays Novel Football Bet.

George Green Coolidge, member of the class of 1904, Sheffield Scientific school, Yale university, who hails from East Orange, N. J., where his father, a cousin of J. Pierpont Morgan, is a wealthy business man, recently took out a license at police headquarters to buy, sell and peddle junk, rags and old bottles in a pushcart, says a New Haven special dispatch to the New York World. Coolidge, who refused to state his reasons, also took out a bootblack's license for his friend and classmate, F. E. Johnson, Jr., also of East Orange.

Coolidge was not at the fashionable St. Elmo clubhouse when a reporter called. Johnson declared that he knew nothing about the bootblack's license. He said that he and Coolidge had a wager on the Harvard-Yale football game, Coolidge betting that Harvard would score. If she did not he agreed to purchase a pushcart license at a cost of $2.

"Coolidge evidently intended to turn the joke on me by getting me a license to black boots," declared Johnson. "Really you don't believe a cousin of J. Pierpont Morgan is going to peddle junk, do you? It's simply a bet."

But the fun of the joke is that the holder of a junk license under the law must make a weekly report to police headquarters of all his purchases and business, whether he does any or not. The prospect of making a weekly trip to police headquarters is more than Coolidge bargained for.

"Don't forget to say that Coolidge is a strong candidate for best dressed man of the class," said one of his clubmates to the reporter at the St. Elmo club. "Don't fail to mention that he is the only man who ever took four girls to the Yale junior promenade."

Chief of Police Wrinn of New Haven was asked if Coolidge would be compelled to make a report to his office of all his dealings in junk and secondhand articles. "Certainly, yes," was the reply. "This young man has seen fit to launch out as a junk dealer. Why should we bend the law to suit his purpose? We shall require a strict accounting of all business done."

When Coolidge heard of this he was so worked up that he paid a visit to Chief Wrinn at police headquarters and asked to have his license revoked.

"No, sir," promptly declared the chief. "That license was issued for one year, sir. You fellows can't make a monkey of me. You may come here weekly and report until further notice."

A twinkle in the eye of the chief leads to the belief that he will not be as strict in the enforcement of the law as appears.

ROAST SWAN THE LATEST.

Served at London Banquet to Accompaniment of Lohengrin's Song.

Roast swan is the latest innovation in the culinary art to tickle the palates of London gourmands, says the New York Herald. A well known restaurant introduced young swan at a recent banquet at which Lord George Hamilton was a guest. The swan, about a year old, had been brought from Norwich, where it had been specially fattened with maize. It was served roasted and basted on a spit in front of the open fire.

No feathers were served with the bird, but by an ingenious device a part of the gracefulness of the live bird was produced, a stout wire supporting the head and neck in their natural curve. The swan song from "Lohengrin" was played by the orchestra as the bird was carried triumphantly to the table. It is said that the flesh, which is rather dark, has much the appearance and flavor of venison. Birds six months old are said to be the best for the table. When more mature they are apt to be tough.

Systematic Grange Work.

"There is no genius like the genius of labor. There is no reward like that which comes to energy, system, perseverance." The great Napoleon never uttered a greater truth than that, and the grange which would accomplish results and become a real help to the members must be systematic and persistent in its work. The grange which has one big feast at the beginning of the year, at which the members come to pay their dues, and which lays dormant the balance of the year might as well be out of commission so far as practical help to its members is concerned. It is the regular, systematic work which counts for real good in the grange as elsewhere.

Rock Salt to Stay Fugitive Convicts.

Long barreled shotguns loaded with lead and rock salt will be supplied workhouse guards at Toledo, O., in the future to enable them to intimidate prisoners who desire to escape, says the Chicago Record-Herald. The guards have instructions to use both barrels and not stop until the fugitive has been well salted.

THE GREAT "RUB-DOWN."
FOUR-FOLD LINIMENT.
For Sore Muscles, Pain in Back, Sore Throat and Sprains.
AT ALL DRUGGISTS. 25c, 50c, $1 00

A NEW LAW FOR HYMEN

Professor G. E. Howard Proposes Extensive Reforms.

NO MORE BRIDES OF TENDER AGE.

Chicago University Lecturer Would Not Let Them Marry Until They Attain Their Legal Majority—Dual Civil and Religious Ceremonies He Calls Serious Evil—His Cure For Divorce.

"The Gretna Green rapid fire marriage agency, whether it be at St. Joe, Mich., or Reno, Nev., is a menace to society.

"The so called common law marriage is an unmitigated evil, a removal of marriage from all social control.

"The dual system of having marriage ceremonies performed by either civil officers or by clergymen or by both is illogical, awkward, inconsistent."

The foregoing are some of the conclusions with reference to matrimony presented by Professor George Elliott Howard, professorial lecturer at the University of Chicago, in a treatise on the "History of Matrimonial Institutions," recently explained by him in an interview with a reporter of the Chicago Tribune.

Abolition of the dual system, repudiation by statute of the common law marriage and the achievement of divorce reform by popular education of the young are the remedies recommended by Professor Howard.

Concerning common law marriages Professor Howard presents an exhaustive digest of the court decisions in every state and territory.

"While twenty-three states and territories have already sanctioned this form of marriage, and ten others are likely to do so," he says, "seventeen states, among them New York, Utah, Mississippi and California, have repudiated this informal agreement. This is a fact of vast social importance, and in it there is hope for the reformer.

Professor Howard favors making the age of legal majority the minimum age for entering the marriage relation.

Of the dual system of marriage celebration by both civil officers and clergy Professor Howard says:

"It is an obstacle in the way of the development of the most effective system of marriage legislation. It is inconsistent with proper social control. It is awkward and thoroughly illogical to intrust that part of the law on which publicity most depends to two classes of persons."

Professor Howard's suggested remedy is this:

"Every county should be divided into districts, for each of which a registrar should be appointed to license, solemnize and register all marriages civilly contracted therein and to license, register and attend all religious celebrations of marriage."

In regard to divorce reform he says: "The lawmaker cannot reach the root of the matter, the fundamental causes of divorce, which are planted deeply in the social system, particularly in false sentiment regarding marriage and the family. They can only be removed by more rational principles of education. By carefully drawn and uniform statutes, however, much can be done to render conditions favorable for reform. Collusion can be prevented and migration done away with."

The liberal divorce laws which are in force in the United States Professor Howard traces back to the Puritans.

AN AUTOMATIC SCAFFOLD.

Condemned Man In Cheyenne, Wyo., Will Be His Own Executioner.

Sheriff Smalley of Cheyenne, Wyo., has let the contract for the scaffold upon which Tom Horn, the notorious cattle detective, will be his own executioner on Nov. 20 to James P. Julien. When Charlie Miller, fifteen years of age, was sentenced to hang Sheriff Kelley had compunctions about executing the lad. Talking with Julien, he expressed his feelings on the matter, and Julien, possessing some genius as an inventor, told Kelley he could contrive a gallows which would work automatically. Miller's scaffold was the result.

The simplicity of the construction makes the operation sure. When the condemned man steps on the trap a weight opens a valve in a vessel of water under the scaffold, and when the vessel becomes empty the counterbalance operates and jerks the plug under the trap, letting the drop fall and shooting the condemned man into eternity.

A Result of the Late Kansas Flood.

William Newcomb, truancy officer of Rosedale, Kan., is finding that position not altogether a pleasant one, says the Kansas City Star. "I find some few cases," he said, "where parents cannot make their children obey them, but these are few. The greater number of the children who do not attend school are too poor to do so. I found in one family several children who had no shoes. Many cases are of flood sufferers. People who think all the relief necessary was given these people are greatly mistaken. Every day I find a family whose children cannot go to school because they lost all they had in the flood."

Proudly proclaim that they stand loyally by the principles of the party of Roosevelt, and they are ready to have the returns of the coming election speak for themselves.

BOY'S LIFE SAVED FROM MEMBRANOUS CROUP.

C. W. Lynch, a prominent citizen of Winchester, Ind., writes, "My little boy had a severe attack of membranous croup and only got relief after taking Foley's Honey and Tar. He got relief after one dose and I feel that it saved the life of my boy." Refuse substitutes. C. M. Parrish.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers
The famous little pills.
C. M. Parrish.

—"I owe my whole life to Burdock Blood Bitters. Scrofulous sores covered my body. I seemed beyond cure. B. B. B. has made me a perfectly well woman." Mrs. Chas. Hatton, Berville, Mich.

BANNER SALVE
the most healing salve in the world.
F. Potts Green.

VIN-TE-NA—Brain workers, such as Bankers, Merchants, Bookkeepers, Lawyers, Ministers, Clerks, etc., whose constant strain of work gives a depressed feeling, tired over-worked brain, fagged nerves, nervousness, sleeplessness, can quickly restore health by using VIN-TE-NA. If not benefited money refunded. All druggists.

—Don't be imposed upon by taking substitutes offered for Foley's Honey and Tar. C. M. Parrish.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.
F. Potts Green.

—Itchiness of the skin, horrible plague. Most everybody afflicted in one way or another. Only one safe, never failing cure. Doan's Ointment. At any drug store, 50 cents.

COUGHS, COLDS, AND CONSTIPATION.

Few people realize when taking cough medicines other than Foley's Honey and Tar that they contain opiates which are constipating besides being unsafe, particularly for children; Foley's Honey and Tar contains no opiates, is safe and sure and will not constipate. C. M. Parrish.

—A household necessity. Dr Thomas Electric Oil. Heals burns, cuts, wounds of any sort, cures sore throat, croup, catarrh, asthma, never fails.

A TIMELY TOPIC.

At this season of coughs and colds it is well to know that Foley's Honey and Tar is the greatest throat and lung remedy. It cures quickly and prevents serious results from a cold. C. M. Parrish.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve
For Piles, Burns, Sores.
F. Potts Green.

NOTICE.

All accounts for advertising and job work due the Republican and Daily News to May 1st, 1903, are payable to Miss M. E. Kelly, at the office of the Republican

JOHN C. MILLER.

—A kidney and bladder trouble can always be cured by using Foley's Kidney Cure in time. C. M. Parrish.

—The Musical College at Freeburg, Pa., is in session, to continue without vacation until the holidays, a term of six weeks or more, at a trifling expense. Pupils can be admitted at any time. Piano, organ, singing, and brass band music taught. For catalogue address.

HENRY B. MOYER.

Foley's Honey and Tar
for children, safe, sure. No opiates.
C. M. Parrish.

"A Perfect Chopper," says Mrs. Rorer. Write for cook book by
Rollman Meat and Food Chopper No. 11. At your dealer's, 50c, by mail or express 75c. Your MONEY BACK if not satisfactory.
ROLLMAN MFG. CO., 140 Penn Ave., Mount Joy, Pa.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

MORPHINE
Opium, Laudanum, Cocaine and all Drug Habits
permanently cured, without pain or detention from business, leaving no craving for drugs or other stimulants. We restore the nervous and physical systems to their natural condition because we remove the causes of disease. A home remedy prepared by an eminent physician.
WE GUARANTEE A CURE. FREE TRIAL TREATMENT
Confidential correspondence, especially with physicians, solicited. Write today.
Manhattan Therapeutic Association
Dept. A

PHYSICIANS endorse the W. B. Erect Form corset. That's because the Erect Form is founded on the natural figure—assisting instead of hindering its fullest development. The Erect Form throws out the chest—flattens the abdomen—braces the back and rounds off hips and bust into graceful modish lines.

More than 40 different models. Each style designed for a different figure. Your dealer carries the Erect Form in stock at prices upward from $1.00.

WEINGARTEN BROS., Makers
377-379 Broadway, New York

It Will Only Cost One Cent

to buy a postal card and send to the New York Tribune Farmer, New York City, for a free specimen copy.

The New York Tribune Farmer is a National Illustrated Agricultural Weekly for farmers and their families, and every issue contains matter instructive and entertaining to every member of the family. The price is $1.00 per year, but if you like it you can secure it with your own favorite local newspaper, The Bellefonte Republican, at a bargain. Both papers for the price of $1.00.

Send your order and money to

THE REPUBLICAN,
Centre County, Bellefonte, Pa.

Or we will receive all subscriptions for the Tri-Weekly Tribune, published Mondays, Wednesdays & Fridays This edition contains the most important news of the Daily Tribune in condensed form, and is an up-to-date newspaper for busy people. The Republican and Tri-Weekly Tribune both papers for one year, $1.50, cash in advance. Send your order and money to

THE REPUBLICAN,
Centre County, Bellefonte, Pa.

You can receive a copy of the Tri-Weekly Tribune by asking for it.

STOP THAT COUGH
with JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT
An almost infallible remedy for diseases of the Throat and Lungs, known and used the world over for almost a Century.

DER PENNSYLVANIER

D'r Drucker kummt in Himmel.

Ei, ei, was gebt es doch for G'schichte,
D'r Pennsylvanier geht an's Dichte,
Un noch derzu en langer String.—
Nau, Mischter Drucker, lest des Ding.

Ich glahb, es dhut Eich intereschte,
Bekohs, es is zu Eierm Beschte,—
Wann Ihr mol macht die Ahge zu,
Dann geht Ihr nei zur Himmelsruh.

Des steht jo ah schun in d'r Biwel,
Daß Reichthum is vun allem Iwel,
Die Drucker awer—Gott erbarm',
Sen schier gar alle z'samme arm.

Doch nau will ich zur Hahptsach kumme,
Wie ich se kerzlich hab vernumme.
Es weist, die Drucker sen allrecht,
Doch mit viel anner Leit steht's schlecht.

En Drucker do im Nochberstädtel,
Was hot gesochte manche Bättel,
Hot unverhofft en Schlag gekrickt
Un korz dorauf d'r Bocket kickt.

Un weg aus dem do Weltgetimmel
Is schnurstraks er hinuf zum Himmel.
Er rappelt dort am Einlaßthor,
En alter Mann kummt schnell hervor.

„Helloh! Was meent denn all der Lärme?
Hoscht Du Dich vielleicht welle wärme?
Dann bischt Du net am rechte Platz.—
Wer bischt Du dann, mei liewer Schatz?"—

„En pennsylvanisch-deitscher Drucker,
Un noch derzu en armer Schlucker
Bin ich geweßt in meiner Zeit.
Nau mecht ich rei zur Ewigkeit."—

„Jo, liewer Mann," segt druf Sant Peter,
„En Drucker is en Schwerenoether,
Un baßt net in d'r Himmel rei;
Dozu muß Eener besser sei."—

„Du liewe Zeit, was dhu ich mache?
Geh ich zurick, dann dhun se lache.
Gebt's dann for jo en armer Spatz
Net vielleicht doch en kleener Platz?"—

„Net do bei mir—doch loß mol sehne:
Du besser dhußt dort runner gehne,
Die Feuerleut sen dort, heer ich,
Nau grad am Streik. Dort nemmt mer Dich."—

Die Auskunft war nau net zum Lache,
Doch war es halt net annericht z'mache,
Drum is d'r Drucker dapper fort
Un meldt sich ort d'r Eingangspfort.

Zum Glick hot grad d'r Bahs dort g'stanne
Un hot gefragt: „Wo witt Du anne?
Hoscht Du sell Sein dort nei gesehn:
‚Juscht mit Verlahbniß reizugeh?' "—

„Ich bin surpreist, so was zu heere,
Doch muß ich Dich en bissel steere.
Ich hab d'r Welt gesaht ‚Gutbei,'
Un hab gedenkt, Du loscht mich rei."—

„Dir is es scheint's in Kopp gekumme:
Bei mir werd alles aufgenumme;
Wer kee Empfehlung weise kann,
Werd fortgeschickt, mei liewer Mann.

Du besser meldst Dich an beim Peter,
Zur rechte Hand am Hahptthor steht er.
Ich denk, er hot schun Platz for Dich,
Sei Kundschaft is nur kimmerlich."—

„Dort war ich jo, schun frieh am Morge,
Un hab gedenkt, ich wär geborge,
Doch bin ich schlecht ankumme dort,
Er schickt mich ohne Umständ fort.

‚En Drucker is en Schwerenöther,'
(Des sen die Worte vum Sant Peter,)
‚Un baßt net in d'r Himmel rei,
Dozu muß Eener besser sei.'

Er segt, ich soll do runner kumme,
Do werd for schuhr ich ufgenumme,
Weil grad en Dheel vun Deine Leit
An Streik gegange wäre heit."—

„En Drucker warst Du dort uf Erde?]—
Nee, Bruder, do kann nix draus werde.
Ich führ en diesentes Konzern
Un Leit, wie Dich, die halt ich fern.

Do is d'r Hans, d'r Tom, d'r Billie,
D'r Bensch, d'r Härrie un die Tillie,
Un viele hunnert anner Leit,
Was noch Subskribschien schulde heit.

Sag selbst—Du bischt doch net vun gester—
Un wär es gar Dei eegne Schwester,
Was Dich demweg betroge hät,
Du dätst se kicke, dätst Du net?

Juscht denk emol, was dät des gewe!
Was wär des dann for mich en Lebe!—
Ich mecht Dir gern den G'falle dhu,
Doch kann ich net, ich will mei Ruh!

Ich hab gnug Leit for Rohsbief brote.
Nimm mei Adweis un loß Dir rothe:
Geh z'rick zum Peter, sag's wie's is,
Un Du werscht seh, er nemmt Dich g'wiß."—

Noch keene zeh Minute später,
Do steht d'r Drucker vor Sant Peter.
Der hot erscht große Ahge g'macht,
Wie er den Mann vor sich betracht.

„Helloh," segt er. „Setz Dich mol nieder,
Was witt dann Du do howe wieder?
Ih hab doch gesaht, mei liewer Mann:
En Drucker ich net brauche kann.' "—

„Ich hab gebhn, wie Du befohle,
Wohr ist's, soll mich d'r Deixel hole,
D'r Babs war selwert vor seim Haus,
Doch denk Dir juscht, er lacht mich aus.

Er hot gesaht, daß ohne Zweifel
Ich denkt, er wär en dummer Deifel,
Doch wär so ebbes net d'r Fall,
Er wot mich net, un sell wär all.

En Hauf schlechter Unnerschreiwer,
Viel hunnert Männer un ah Weiwer,
Die wäre drin, un wann ich kämt,
D'r Rädet gar te End meh nähmt."—

Nau hot d'r Peter misse lache.
Er segt: „Ich denk, es lohnt sich mache.
Kumm drum zu mir in Himmel rei,
Do sen kee schlechte Zahler drei."

FATE OF LINCOLN'S CANE.

War President's Cherished Walking Stick Sold at Auction For $145.

A walking stick which until the death of Abraham Lincoln was his cherished possession and constant companion was recently sold at public auction in New York. From $25, the first bid, the price advanced to $145, and it was sold for that sum to H. H. Wibert of New York, an ardent admirer of the great president, says the New York American.

The cane, which is longer than the ordinary ones on account of Mr. Lincoln's great height, is black, with a buckhorn handle. The wood is studded with fourteen knots, each having a top of silver upon which one letter of Lincoln's name is engraved, so that the whole series of letters from handle to ferrule spell "Abraham Lincoln."

A metal band joins the handle to the stick, and this bears an inscription showing that the cane was presented to the president by his "Old Chum, S. Strong," in 1860. On the handle is another plate which shows that the stick was given to the late Frank B. Carpenter, the celebrated artist and personal friend of Lincoln, by Mrs. Lincoln.

Lincoln's favorite cane.

In 1891 Carpenter was penniless and pledged the stick to his cousin, Fannie Mathewson, in return for a loan of $500. About two years ago the artist died. He had not redeemed the pledge. Fannie Mathewson, through her attorneys, authorized the sale. The price received is considered exceedingly small, as $1,500 would have been asked for the cane in a private sale.

SYNDICATE DINNERS.

Each Woman Guest Selects and Contributes a Course.

A young society matron of Philadelphia has instituted a novel sort of dinner, says the Philadelphia Record. The young women have formed themselves into a sort of club, the mission of which is to give a very elaborate dinner once a month. The dinners are held at the different members' houses, but the hostess provides the servants and the flowers only. The novelty of the club is in the way the food is provided.

Each girl is intrusted with a course of the menu. It is her duty to decide what it shall be and arrange with the cook as to how she wishes it to be served. When all the guests are seated at the table, the butler announces every course by the title of the young woman who ordered and paid for it. There are charming little menus, too, on which is written "Soup a la Marie Wharton," "Roti a la Edith Burden," etc., which show who was responsible for every course.

The interest that is shown in the preparation and eating of these club dinners is very striking. Each girl tries to make her course the best and most popular, and in the evening votes are cast as to which was the most successful course.

IRVING, THE COURTEOUS.

Sir Henry's Neat Reply to a Criticism on His "Dante."

No great actor on the stage is more heedful, gracious and polite to his critics than Sir Henry Irving, says the Boston Herald. For instance, he acknowledges the receipt of this criticism of the infernal scene in his "Dante:"

Sir Henry Irving:
My Dear Sir—I am a member of the electrical fraternity and saw your play of "Dante" last evening. If I may be allowed to express an opinion, I want to tell you that the infernal scene was very bad. The sunset ripple was woefully lacking in effect. It was certainly not true to nature, if it was so intended.

To which Sir Henry replies:

Really your criticism is quite apt. You see, the ripple got turned upside down that night by some mechanical error, and the rain, instead of falling down, fell up I don't wonder you didn't think it true to nature. How could you?

And Sir Henry smiles audibly.

POINTS ON PANAMA.

Panama has an acreage of 31,571 square miles—nearly the size of the state of Maine.

Its population is 285,000, almost the same as that of the District of Columbia.

Its commerce, including both imports and exports, amounts to about $3,000,000 a year. That is about $11 for each inhabitant. The rest of Colombia has a foreign trade of less than $1 a head.

Boy Too Big to Go to School.

James Thomas Tremley, who lives in Peckham, England, with his hardworking parents, is only six years old, but weighs 140 pounds, is proportionately muscular and can lift a man who weighs more than he does, says the London correspondent of the New York World. Mentally he is precocious. He has been exempt from school attendance, as no infant school desk would accommodate him, while his strength and weight make him a dangerous playmate for ordinary infants. He acts as an advertisement for a beer saloon.

WASHINGTON CHITCHAT

Gossip About Public Men at the National Capital.

GALLINGER AS A PHYSICIAN.

New Hampshire Senator Shows His Skill in Reviving a Capitol Policeman—What a Colleague Said When He Neglected to Collect His Fee. Anonymous Poet Warns Senators Against Steel Common—The Devout Ashman.

Senator Jacob H. Gallinger of New Hampshire was recently afforded an opportunity to demonstrate that his usefulness as a member of the medical profession had not entirely vanished with his assumption of senatorial dignity, says the New York Tribune's Washington correspondent. While the senate was in session W. B. Mitchell, a capitol policeman, stationed at the entrance of the senate lobby, suddenly dropped to the floor unconscious and apparently lifeless. Associates hurried to his assistance and, thoroughly alarmed, asked that a physician be summoned. Then it was that the presence of a doctor senator in the chamber was recalled, and he responded to the call with the alacrity of a young physician who had just hung out his shingle.

Dr. Gallinger diagnosed the case as brain trouble and promptly sent for restoratives. In about fifteen minutes the patient had sufficiently recovered to be taken to a committee room, where the senator's attention to the sick man showed the practiced eye of the physician as well as the tender care of the trained nurse.

When his patient no longer required his services, the doctor became highly unprofessional in neglecting to ask for his fee. A colleague present remarked, "It is no wonder that Gallinger went into politics if that is the way he did business when he practiced medicine."

This bit of poetry, printed by a typewriter on a slip of paper, found its way into the senate the other day and was passed around from senator to senator:

Mother, may I go out to swim?
Yes, my darling daughter,
But don't go near Steel common stock,
For it's terribly full of water.

The identity of the author is not even suspected.

A privileged motion was introduced in the house providing for the employment of a laborer in the bathroom, says the New York Tribune. It was explained that his employment was "essential to the organization of the house."

"Necessary to the comfort of the house would better express it," remarked Uncle Joe Cannon, who was in the chair, in an undertone.

When this motion was made several senators who had come over to listen to the debate on the Cuban treaty bill were scattered about the floor of the house. Turning to a colleague, Senator William M. Stewart of Nevada said:

"It seems to me that I have heard something about a labor saving device known as a steam road scraper, which is guaranteed quickly and effectually to dispose of accumulated dirt. I wonder if these fellows have ever heard of it."

Senator Shelby M. Cullom of Illinois has a tiny granddaughter of whom he is very fond, says the New York World. He recently told in the senate cloakroom how the little girl came to her mother a few days ago and said:

"Mamma, the man who takes away our ashes is awfully religious."

"Why, dear?" the mother asked.

"Because when he put the ashes in the cart today and the mule wouldn't go he sat there and told the mule all about a lot of religious things."

Opposite the capitol is the Bliss building, where the industrial commission held sessions for a year or more, and a fair mile away, opposite the interior department, is the civil service commission, where bask the official upholders of the fitness in the classified service. A new congressman from the west the other day hurried into the doorway of the civil service commission and ran against a treasury official who was going out.

"Is this the Bliss building?" queried the member.

"My dear friend," replied the official, who had been laboring hard with the commission to pass over some technical sins of omission under the civil service law, "you are in the wrong pew. There is no bliss here. This is not the home of bliss, but the seat of discord and the valley of lamentations."

Warned President Lincoln In Vain.

Bishop Thomas Bowman of East Orange, N. J., the oldest Methodist Episcopal bishop, said the other day that he warned President Lincoln he was in danger of being assassinated by John Wilkes Booth five days before he was killed. The bishop was then chaplain of the senate. One day as he was about to open the senate with prayer he saw Booth enter the room and was so struck with his appearance that he could not proceed for several minutes. Later he saw Booth prowling about the capitol building and White House and, being convinced that his purpose was bad, warned Mr. Lincoln, who smiled and would not believe that any one would attempt his life.

A CALL ON THE SPEAKER.

Cannon's Informal Reply to a Michigan Delegation's Spokesman.

The members of the Michigan delegation in the house put on their long coats and wore their high hats, and all went to see Speaker Cannon the other day to ask about their committee places, says the Washington correspondent of the New York World.

William Alden Smith was spokesman. They lined up in front of the desk where Cannon sat in a dinky little coat, with a cigar jammed in the corner of his mouth.

Then Mr. Smith delivered an oration which dwelt on the glories of the Wolverene State and the talents and abilities of the speaker in equal measure and wound up with the request that Michigan—imperial Michigan—should not be neglected when it came to committee places.

Uncle Joe arose. He seemed to feel the lack of a long coat and a high hat. He concealed the stump of his cigar in his hand. "Gentlemen," he said. "I appreciate all your eloquent spokesman has said about Michigan, and I feel deeply the honor of this visit. I am sure you are all aware of the perplexities— Oh, what's the use? Boys, I'll do the best I can for you, and cut the oratory out."

POWER OF CONSCIENCE.

Man Restores $60 He Picked Up Twenty Years Ago.

William Fries of Auburn, N. Y., aged eighty-one, was called on recently by a stranger, who, handing Mr. Fries $60, said:

"Here, take this. It's not mine, and I can't stand the strain any longer. It's been haunting me for years."

He refused to give his name, and Mr. Fries would not take the money unless the situation was explained. The stranger asked him if he had not lost $60 in a State street store more than twenty years ago. Mr. Fries recalled the incident, and the stranger said he had seen him drop the money and had picked it up and kept it. He had never had a minute's peace since, he said.

The man refused to take a reward which Mr. Fries offered.

The Right Girl For Alaska.

Miss Nina Furgeson, who formerly lived in Jefferson county, Ind., is at home in Indianapolis from Nome City, Alaska, and is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Sutherland. Miss Furgeson and brother went to Nome about two years ago, and this is her first visit home, says the Indianapolis News. She recently disposed of one mine at a good price and still owns three good properties in the gold country. Miss Furgeson says that girls who do housework in Nome receive $7.50 a day and are in greater demand than any other class. She says that college graduates have little or no show there, and the people wanted are the ones who can and will do all kinds of hard work.

Fixing For Christmas.

They're fixin' for the Christmas time an' countin' all their joys—
Bushels big of sugar plums an' wagons full o' toys;
Just as they used to figure it, the old an' gray haired boys—
An' blessings on their bright dreams in the mornin'!

They're fixin' for the Christmas time, just as we did of old
When we heard the reindeer runnin', with their tinklin' bells of gold,
An' the good Lord send 'em Christmas, all their rosy arms can hold,
An' blessings on their bright dreams in the mornin'!

—Atlanta Constitution.

A NOVEL INITIATION.

Young Fraternity Candidate Had to Seek a Marriage License.

Linton Fallis, a student at the high school in Toledo, O., was recently compelled as one of the conditions on which he would be admitted to a fraternal society of the high school to apply at probate court for a marriage license, says the Cleveland Plain Dealer. He was accompanied by his bride elect, who was also being initiated into a fraternal society. As the respective ages of the bride and groom elect were seventeen and eighteen the license was not issued.

Other tests put upon the pair were applying to the infirmary for aid and for a ticket to Chicago. Fallis was put through a trying catechism, but when he and his blushing companion issued from the courthouse they were met by other "frat" enthusiasts and warmly congratulated.

ONLY A CHILD, BUT COOKS.

Girl of Thirteen Takes Chef's Place and Caters For Eighty.

When the chef at the Sisters of St. Mary's Home For Children at Chicago was taken ill a few days ago there was consternation among the seventy-four girls and the six sisters in charge, says the St. Louis Republic.

"If there is no one else to do the cooking I'll do it," said thirteen-year-old Eva Ackerman.

And she did it, preparing meats, pastries, bread, rolls, vegetables and desserts for the whole institution and everything on time.

"I don't see how the girl did it," said Sister Frances, "but I do know that she had remarkable success. Not a meal was delayed, not an article was spoiled in the cooking. The bill was fully as elaborate as when the professional cook was on duty."

winter tramping the southern states. His schedule requires him to report in Topeka, Kan., in the spring. He is to go on foot the entire distance, except in crossing streams, where ferries are the only method.

Ayer's

For hard colds, bronchitis, asthma, and coughs of all kinds, you cannot take anything better than Ayer's

Cherry Pectoral

Cherry Pectoral. Ask your own doctor if this is not so. He uses it. He understands why it soothes and heals.

"I had a terrible cough for weeks. Then I took Ayer's Cherry Pectoral and only one bottle completely cured me."
MRS. J. B. DANFORTH, St. Joseph, Mich.

25c., 50c., $1.00. All druggists. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

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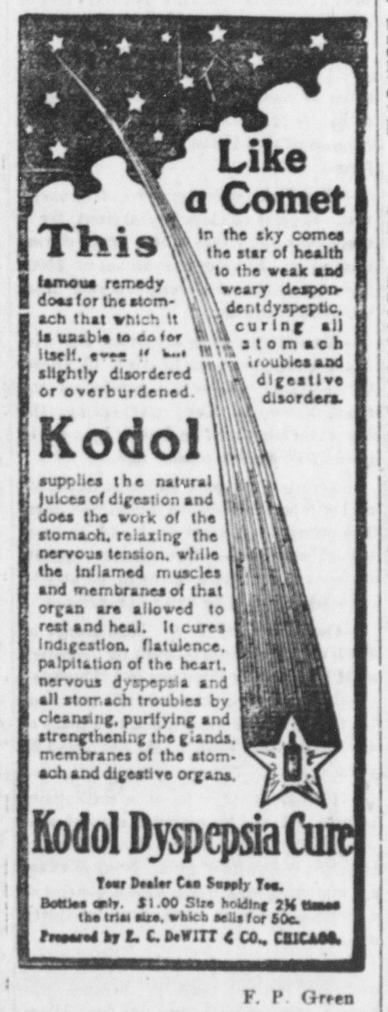
Coughs, Colds

You will hasten recovery by taking one of Ayer's Pills at bedtime.

ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS A BOX is the value H. A. Tisdale, Summerton, S. C., places on DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. He says: "I had the piles for 20 years. I tried many doctors and medicines, but all failed except DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It cured me." It is a combination of the healing properties of Witch Hazel with antiseptics and emollients; relieves and permanently cures blind, bleeding, itching and protruding piles, sores, cuts, bruises, eczema, salt rheum and all skin diseases. Sold by F. P. Green.


Like a Comet
This
famous remedy does for the stomach that which it is unable to do for itself, even if but slightly disordered or overburdened.
in the sky comes the star of health to the weak and weary despondent dyspeptic, curing all stomach troubles and digestive disorders.
Kodol
supplies the natural juices of digestion and does the work of the stomach, relaxing the nervous tension, while the inflamed muscles and membranes of that organ are allowed to rest and heal. It cures indigestion, flatulence, palpitation of the heart, nervous dyspepsia and all stomach troubles by cleansing, purifying and strengthening the glands, membranes of the stomach and digestive organs.
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Your Dealer Can Supply You.
Bottles only. $1.00 Size holding 2½ times the trial size, which sells for 50c.
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KIDNEY DISEASES
are the most fatal of all diseases.
FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE is a Guaranteed Remedy
or money refunded. Contains remedies recognized by eminent physicians as the best for Kidney and Bladder troubles.
PRICE 50c. and $1.00.
O. M. Jarrick

RAILROAD GUIDE

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD,
Schedule in effect Nov. 29, 1903.

Via Tyrone. Eastward

Leave Bellefonte 9.05 a. m. arrive at Tyrone 11.15 a m, at Altoona 1 p m, at Pittsburg 5.50 p m

Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.18 p m, at Altoona 3.10 p m, at Pittsburg 6.55 p m

Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6.00 p m, at Altoona 6.55 p m, at Pittsburg 10.45 p m

Via Tyrone—Eastward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.05 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11.05, at Harrisburg 2.40 p m, at Philadelphia 5.47 p m

Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.10 p m at Harrisburg 6.35 p m, at Philadelphia 9.28 p m

Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6.00 p m, at Harrisburg 10.00 p m

Via Lock Haven—Westward.

Leave Bellefonte 1.25 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2.10 p m, at Buffalo 7.40 p m

Via Lock Haven—Eastward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.32 a m, arrive at Lock Haven 10.30 a m, leave Williamsport 12.40 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 3.15 p m, at Philadelphia at 6.23 p m

Leave Bellefonte 1.25 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2.10 p m, leave Williamsport 4.05 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 5.00 p m, Philadelphia 7.42 p m

Leave Bellefonte 5.16 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 9.15 p m, leave Williamsport 1.35 m, arrive at Harrisburg 4.15 a m, arrive at Philadelphia 7.17 a m

Via Lewisburg.

Leave Bellefonte at 6.40 a m, arrive at Lewisburg at 9.05 a m, Montandon 9.15 a m, Harrisburg 11.30 a m, Philadelphia 3.17 p m.

Leave Bellefonte 2.00 p m, arrive at Lewisburg 4.25, at Harrisburg 6.50 p m, Philadelphia at 10.47 p m

For full information time tables, maps, fare, &c., call on Ticket Agents, or address Thos. E. Watt, Pass. Agent Western District, No. 360 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg.

J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD—On and after Monday, May 24th, 1903, trains will run as follows, leaving the P. R. R. station.

WESTWARD. College Accm.	Exp.			EASTWARD. Mail.	Exp.	Accm.
a m	p m		Lv	Ar a m	p m	p m
9 30	4 15	10 30	Bellefonte	8 50	2 40	6 40
9 35	4 21	10 47	Coleville	8 40	2 25	6 30
f9 38	f4 25	f10 52	Morris	f 8 37	f2 22	f6 27
f9 42	f4 29	f10 57	Whitmer	f8 33	f2 17	f6 23
f9 46	f4 33	f11 03	Hunters	f8 31	f2 15	f6 21
f9 50	f4 36	f11 06	Fillmore	f8 28	f2 06	f6 18
f9 56	f4 44	f11 13	Briarly	f8 24	f2 09	f6 14
7 00	4 48	11 18	Waddle	8 20	1 55	6 10
f10 04	f4 48	f11 08	Lamborn	f8 18	f1 52	f6 07
f10 12	f4 55	f11 20	Krumrine	f8 07	f1 37	f5 53
7 25	5 00	11 15	State College	8 00	1 30	5.
f7 27	f5 05	f11 24	Struble	f7 45	f1 34	f5
f7 31	f5 10		Bloomsdorf	f7 40		f5 20
7 35	5 15		Pine Grv Mills	7 35		5 15

Morning trains from Montandon, Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 8 and 5 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 5 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penna R R trains at Bellefonte for points east and west.

"f" stops on flag. Daily except Sunday.

W. H. THOMAS, Supt.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY—PENNSYLVANIA Railroad Division. Daily except Sunday. Schedule in effect on and after May 24, 1903.

Westward.				Eastward.		
55	53	51		50	52	54
p m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m
1 45	12 10	8 55	Lock Haven	10 30	2 10	9 15
1 51	12 16	9 01	Mill Hall	10 22	2 04	9 09
1 02	12 26	9 12	Beech Creek	10 11	1 54	8 58
1 06	12 29	9 15	Eagleville	10 08	1 51	8 55
1 14	12 38	9 24	Howard	9 59	1 43	8 46
1 20		9 30	Mount Eagle	9 53	1 38	8 40
1 25	12 48	9 34	Curtin	9 49	1 34	8 36
1 32	12 55	9 41	Milesburg	9 41	1 24	8 28
1 44	1 06	9 58	Bellefonte	9 32	1 05	8 10
1 56	1 14	10 01	Milesburg	9 18	1 24	8 00
1 56	1 17	10 04	Snow Shoe Int	9 15	1 17	8 00
1 08	1 22	10 11	Unionville	9 07	1 11	7 57
2 12	1 26	10 20	Julian	8 58	1 06	7 49
2 21	1 34	10 28	Martha	8 49	1 00	7 39
2 28	1 42	10 35	Port Matilda	8 42	12 55	7 32
2 35	1 46	10 41	Hannah	8 35	12 49	7 25
2 37		10 44	Fowler	8 32		7 22
2 40		10 45	Dix	8 30		7 20
2 46	1 56	10 51	Bald Eagle	8 24	12 39	7 14
2 50	2 00	10 56	Vail	8 20	12 35	7 10
2 54	2 04	10 59	East Tyrone	8 16	12 31	7 06
3 00	2 10	11 05	Tyrone	8 10	12 25	7 00
p m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m

Nos. 50 and 55 will run daily.

TYRONE AND CLEARFIELD RAILROAD Time table in effect May 24, 1903

NORTHWARD. EXPRESS	DAY EXPRESS.	MAIL.	STATIONS	SOUTHWARD EXPRESS.	DAY EXPRESS.	MAIL.
P M	P M	A M	Lv Ar	P M	A M	P M
6 50	2 26	8 20	Tyrone	8 55	11 20	5 28
6 56	2 31	8 26	East Ty	8 49	11 14	5 22
6 59		8 28	Tyrone		11 12	5 27
7 01	2 35	8 31	Vail	8 45	11 09	5
7 11	2 46	8 42	Vanscoyoc	8 38	11 02	5 17
7 15	2 50	8 47	Gardner	8 35	10 59	5 14
7 24	2 59	8 57	Mt. Pleasant	8 27	10 51	5
7 30	3 06	9 05	Summit	8 20	10 44	
7 34	3 10	9 09	Sandy Ridge	8 14	10 39	4 54
7 36	3 12	9 11	Retort	8 11	10 35	4 52
7 38	3 14	9 12	Powelton	8 09	10 33	4 50
7 48	3 24	9 21	Osceola	7 59	10 23	4 42
	4 25		Osceola Junct		10 22	4 37
7 54	3 33	9 26	Boynton	7 54	10 17	4 33
7 58	3 37	9 30	Steiners	7 5	10 13	4 29
8 02	3 40	9 40	Philipsburg	7 48	10 12	4 25
8 06	3 45	9 45	Graham	7 4	10 07	4 20
8 11	3 50	9 50	Blue Ball	7 37	10 02	4 15
8 17	3 56	9 56	Wallaceton	7 32	9 56	4 09
8 22	5 02	10 02	Bigler	7 26	9 50	4 03
8 28	5 08	10 09	Woodland	7 20	9 43	3 56
8 30	5 10	10 13	Mineral Spr'gs	7 17	9 40	3 53
8 34	5 14	10 18	Barrett	7 12	9 36	3
8 38	5 18	10 24	Leonard	7 07	9 32	3
8 45	5 25	10 33	Clearfield	7 02	9 24	
8 50	5 32	10 40	Riverview	6 52	9 16	3
8 56	5 38	10 47	Susque. Bridge	6 45	9 10	3 19
9 00	5 42	10 55	Curwensville	6 40	9 05	3 15
9 06	5 51	11 01	Rustic	6 25	8 57	3 08
9 14	6 59	11 09	Stronach	6 19	8 50	2 58
9 20	6 05	11 15	Grampian	6 15	8 45	2 10
P M	P M	P M	Ar Lv	P M	A M	P M

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD In effect May 24, 1903.

Westward.			Eastward.		
p m	a m		a m	p m	
1 58	5 40	Montandon	9 15	4 40	
1 48	5 35	Lewisburg	9 05	4 30	
1 00	6 47	Vicksburg	8 58	4 18	
2 8	6 55	Millinburg	8 45	4 10	
2 21	7 07	Millmont	8 35	3 57	
2 18	12	Glen Iron	8 26	3 48	
2 29	7 40	Paddy Mountain	8 00	3 20	
2 10	7 50	Coburn	7 50	3 10	
3 16	7 07	Zerby	7 43	3 02	
3 26	8 05	Rising Spring	7 33	2 56	
3 32	8 11	Penns Cave	7 28	2 48	
3 38	8 18	Centre Hall	7 22	2 43	
3 45	8 24	Gregg	7 17	2 36	
3 52	8 31	Linden Hall	7 10	2 30	
3 56	8 35	Oak Hall	7 06	2 28	
4 03	8 39	Lemont	7 02	2 23	
4 01	8 43	Dale Summit	6 57	2 17	
4 13	8 52	Pleasant Gap	6 48	2 08	
4 16	8 55	Axemann	6 45	2 05	
4 29	9 00	Bellefonte	6 40	2 0	

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.
Condensed Time Table.

READ DOWN.				READ UP.		
Nov. 24, 1902.						
No. 1	No. 5	No. 3		No. 6	No. 2	No. 4
a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	Lv. Ar.	p. m	a. m.	p. m.
7 00	6 45	2 40	Bellefonte	9 25	5 35	5 15
7 11	6 56	2 51	High	9 12	5 22	5 02
7 16	7 01	2 56	Zion	9 06	5 16	4 56
7 23	7 07	3 03	Hecla Park	9 00	5 10	4 50
7 25	7 09	3 05	Dunkles	8 58	5 07	4 48
7 29	7 13	3 09	Hublersburg	8 54	5 03	4 43
7 33	7 17	3 13	Snydertown	8 50	4 59	4 39
7 35	7 19	3 15	Nittany	8 47	4 57	4 37
7 37	7 21	3 17	Huston	8 44	4 55	4 34
7 41	7 25	3 21	Lamar	8 41	4 50	4 31
7 43	7 27	3 23	Clintondale	8 38	4 47	4 28
7 47	7 31	3 27	Krider's S'n'g	8 33	4 43	4 23
7 51	7 35	3 31	Mackeyville	8 28	4 38	4
7 57	7 41	3 37	Cedar Springs	8 22	4 32	4 17
8 00	7 44	3 40	Salona	8 19	4 30	4 10
8 05	7 50	3 45	Mill Hall	8 15	4 25	4 05
			(NEW YORK CENT.)			
11 45			Jersey Shore		7 40	2 22
12 20	8 40		Arr WM'PORT Lve		7 10	2 50
12 29	9 10		Lve WM'PORT Arr		7 00	2 40
	11 40		(PHILA AND READING RY)			
7 30			PHILA		11	8 30
10 40	6 50		NEW YORK		3 50	4 00
	29 02		(Via Phila)			
p.m.			Ar. Lv.		p.m.	p.m.

*Daily. * Week Days. † 6 00 p. m. Sunday. ‡ 10 55 a. m. Sunday.

Philadelphia Sleeping Car attached to East bound train from Williamsport at 11.20 p m and west-bound from Philadelphia a. 11 36 p. m.

J. W. GEPHART, General Superintendent.

SNOW SHOE BRANCH—DAILY EXCEP Sunday—in effect May 25 1902.

a m	STATIONS.	p m
11 26	7 27 Arrive Snow Shoe Leave	7 30 3 15
10 50	6 05 Snow Shoe Intersection	9 15 4 56
10 01	5 55 Milesburg	9 18 5 05
9 58	5 45 Leave Bellefonte Arrive	9 32 5 20

The Bellefonte Republican

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write uponbut one side of the paper. and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EARLE C. TUTEN.

BRIEF MENTION

—Col. E. R. Chambers has been appointed auditor to go over the accounts of the various county officials.

—We are pleased to note that Mrs. Joseph Ceader, who was taken seriously ill last week is able to be out again.

—On December 15th a rural mail delivery route will be established between Mill Hall to Cedar Run and Abdera.

—This is the time of year when women are unusually anxious to tie their husbands' neckties. This generally means, looking forward for a nice coat, dress or hat for Christmas gift, which they so well deserve.

—Noah Hartman, of South Fork, Cambria county, was accidentally shot by his 18-year-old son, Solomon, while the two were out hunting last week, and probably fatally injured.

—Mrs. Nancy W. Barr, of Boalsburg, who visited her daughter. Mrs. Wilson, of East High street, during the fall, died at Gatesburg Friday night of pneumonia. She was almost 65 years of age.

—The report of the pension bureau shows that the pensions issued during the first four months of the present fiscal year exceeded the same period of last year by 25 per cent. The issue last year was the largest in ten years.

—Joseph Ginter, of Spangler, an organizer of the Miner's union, fell through a boardwalk in that town one day recently and his right leg was so badly injured that an operation was necessary. Dr. Helfrick amputated the injured limb below the knee.

—The soot burning in a flue at the home of Steve Finnegan on South Spring street about seven o'clock Wednesday caused an alarm of fire which was answered by the fire department getting out, but the firemen got the word that it was all over before they reached the scene.

—Messrs. Charles and Frank Daley, William and Lloyd Bechdel and Mr. Jame Heichle composed a jolly crowd of Marsh Creek hunters who were hunting in the Scootack mountains last week, and to prove that they were markemen they brought five deer home with them.

—The Pennsylvania lines west of Pittsburg, the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton and the Erie and Lehigh Valley railroads have applied to the interstate commerce commission for additional extension of time for compliance with the provisions of the safety appliance law. A hearing has been fixed for Dec. 16.

—"The Roees' Honeymoon," by John W. Bratton, is a new instrumental composition, by this popular composer which might be called a song without words. It somehow breathes the atmosphere of romance, roses and moonlight. The publishers M. Witmark and sons expect it to make a success equal to Mr. Bratton's "In a Cosy Corner."

—Mrs. Louis Lounsberry delightfully entertained at her pleasant home on West Logan Street, Thursday evening, the following members of her Sunday school class: Isaac Chambers, Blair Hall, Earle and Melvin Wood, Gaylor Rightnour and Merle Lyons. A very enjoyable evening was spend and choice refreshments served. The guests of honor were Rev. John A. Wood, wife and daughter Miss Margaret.

—Col. Amos Mullen was taken very suddenly ill with heart trouble about midnight Wednesday. He had returned from a visit in the eastern part of the State that morning and was alone in the house at the time. His calls for help attracted the attention of a boy on the street and he was taken to Thomas Donachy's home next door. A physician worked with him all night.

—J. T. Ziegler of Pleasant Gap, brought Mrs. Ziegler to the hospital on Tuesday for treatment. An operation had been performed upon her in the Lock Haven hospital some 18 months ago, which was successful, but new trouble caused her to be brought to the hospital now. The doctors do not think her case a serious one we are pleased to say. There are now twelve cases in the Bellefonte hospital for treatment. The hospital has had its capacity taxed of late for room.

—It is difficult to say which is the more popular, the dainty conversation song, "If I Should," or the charming love ballad, "Guess Little Girlie, Who Love-You," two new interpolations into "The Runaways." The former song by Bartley Costello and Leo Friedman is sung by William Gould and Mable Carrier, and invarisbly calls for encore after encore. "Guess, Little Girlie, Who Loves You," by Maurice Stonehill and Ernest Ball, is sung by the popular tenor, Van Rensselaer Wheeler, and Edith Eldridge, and its tuneful refrain is always hummed by the audience and whistle by the boys in the gallery after its first repetition. Both of these songs are having an extensive sale.

—Quite a number of young folks attended the dance at State College Friday evening

—Mr. and Mrs. John C. Rumberger are rejoicing over the arrival Saturday of a little son at their home on North Spring street.

—Clarence Kister has resigned his position as assistant postmaster of Millheim and Francis S. Ulrich has been appointed in his place.

—Chester Cohick, of Larryville, who was an expert United States marksman in Porto Rico, recently shot a fine buck at a range of nearly 900 yards.

—E. M. Grimes, a well known and aged citizens of Tylersville, died Tuesday night at 10 o'clock, of paralysis aged 76 years. Mr. Grimes was a tailor by trade.

—Whenever a man pleads extenuation circumstances for another's little sins you may put it down that he is pretty apt to be occupying a seat in the same gallery.

—William Haines, the hostler at the P. R. R., round house, is rejoicing over the arrival of a eleven pound boy at his home on Wednesday. Congratulations "Billy."

—Harry M. Dry, the expert pyrotechnist who has had charge of displays of fireworks in all parts of the country, died at his home in Tyrone Tuesday evening of asthma. He was 31 years old.

—The annual report of the Western Union Telegraph Company, just issued, shows 50,000,000 messages transmitted, $29,000,000 earned; net revenue $8,000,000 and a surplus of $13,000,000.

—The search for coal in the Kilbraith Gap near Boalsburg has been abandoned and the machinery moved to the Bechtel Gap above Colyer where a shaft will be sunk at once, on the J. T. Smith lands.

—The 600 employes of the Lehigh Valley Coal company at Shoo Shoe, this county, who have been on strike since May 1, returned to work Tuesday, having effected a settlement with the company.

—The Altoona Times, always up-to-date and newsy, has now eight pages of seven columns each daily which are printed on a lightning speed perfecting printing press, and that is the whole story in brief form.

—The Fishery Commission of Pennsylvania expects to place 10,000 trout fry in the creeks and rivers of the State during next year. Fines to the amont of $5000 have been collected within a year from violators of the law.

—Two murder cases are down for trial at the December term of court in Clearfield county. One is the murder of the Slay, at Smoke Run, last spring; the other the murder of an Italian by a negro near DuBois a few weeks ago.

—The new pumping station at Reynolds mill will be complete in about ten days. The pump arrived last week and is now being put in place. The water committee are exceedingly anxious to be able to reduced expenses by this improvement.

—Oscar, son of J. A. Nestlerode, of Eagleville met sudden death by accident at Millville, near Pittsburg last Thursday evening. He was crowded off an overload trolly car while going to a place of amusement and killed. He was aged 21 years.

—The divorced wife of a millionaire advises girls not to marry a man of millions, and it seems she's struck a happy chord in the heart of girls. None of them are marrying men worth over a quarter of a million, and from that down to thirty cents.

—If you ask your dealer for some well-known advertised remedy, because you have confidence in its cure, do not allow yourself to be switched off to a medicine claimed to be "just as good," but which you do not ask for and of which you know nothing.

—Sunday morning about 8 o'clock Samuel T. Huffmaster, a railroad watchman, while in the performance of his duties near Barree, was instantly killed. His head and lower limbs were severed from his body, and it was also otherwise mutilated. The unfortunate man was 29 years of age is survived by a wife and one child. The body was taken to Huntingdon and prepared for burial by Undertaker Brown, and in the afternoon sent to the home in Barree.

—George Whittell, a millionaire of San Francisco, has paid Mrs. Florence Boyere Whittell, his son's wife, $26,000 to permit her husband to get a divorce. George Whittell, Jr., met Florence Boyere in New York two years ago. Her father is a laborer. One thousand of the $26,000 is paid her to remain away from San Francisco.

—Notice has been issed by the Commissioner of Fisheries that applications for trout must be filed prior to January 1st. Therefore, persons desiring to secure trout for planting in our streams must give the matter their attention at once. Blank applications on demand will be gladly furnished by Hon. J. Lee Plummer, member of House of Representatives, who can be addressed at Hollidaysburg.

—Frank D. Sharp, of Philadelphia, and Miss Jessie Olive Hoover, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Hoover, of Shingletown, Centre county, Pa., were married at the Chestnut Avenue Methodist church parsonage, at Altoona, last week, by Rev. J. K. Loyd. The young couple left for Philadelphia, where they will reside, Mr. Sharp being employed by the street car company in that city.

—The turkeys that were left over can be thankful that their necks are comparatively safe until Christmas.

—Quite a number of young people from State College attended an assembly in Pruner's Hall at Tyrone Saturday night.

—Mrs. M. L. Wadleigh has been appointed a Kansas insurance examiner. The Kansas Insurance Commissioner was the first official to appoint a woman as examiner of insurance.

—William Archibald, of Newark, N. J., has been awarded the silver medal and diploma of the St. Petersburg Photographic Society. His pictures that won the prize were photographs of lightning flashes.

—Only fourteen football players were killed on the gridiron during the season that has just ended, whereas twenty people have been slain by hunters. Advocates of football should not overlook the strong argument in their favor.—Burlington Junction Post.

—Over in Lycoming county, last week, George H. Breasette was sentenced to six and one half years in the penitentiary for stealing suit cases, grips and other articles from travelers. Miss Jennie Musser, of Philipsburg, was one of his victims, and appeared as a witness against him at Williamsport.

—F. Q. Morton, a colored man, has been placed on the Harvard debating team which will meet Yale this week. He is said to closely resemble Roscoe Conkling Bruce, the colored man who debated on several Harvard teams and who was graduated as class orator a year ago last spring.

—On Thursday, December 17th, the Epworth League will have a Christmas fair in the lecture room of the Methodist church. A large assortment of aprons, underwear, childrens clothes, collars, stocks and fancy work have been made for sale and in addition to the booth where subscriptions to the Ladies Home *Journal* will be taken and a number of beautiful pictures sold, there will be a candy table and a supper.

—Last week Senator Penrose introduced in the United States senate a bill to pension all medal-of-honor men at $75 a month after they had reached the age of 65 years. Should this bill become a law Altoona will have one man entitled to a pension. He is William Maclay, who received a medal from Congress for saving the life of an officer while he was serving in the Philippines, at the risk of losing his own.

—The Bellefonte hunting and trapping party of which Messrs. Frank Clemson and Hardman P. Harris are member, returned last week from their hunting trip and donated the balance on hand of their "fodder" to the Bellefonte Hospital. The articles donated were: 4½ qts Beans, 2 dressed chickens, 2 qts vinegar, 1 box Baking power, 1 box celery salt, 2 lbs rice, 10lbs salt, 3lbs coffee, 10 cans tomatoes, 2 jars of jelly, 11 lbs Buckwheat flour, 1 box cocoa, and 2 box soda.

—The Duncansville Iron works closed down at 6 o'clock on Saturday evening and it is thought by many residents of that town that the shut down will be permanent. The company has had much difficulty lately in securing orders enough to keep the plant running and last week the orders gave out entirely. Should these works not open up again the loss to Duncansville will be a heavy one, as the existence of the town practically depends upon their operation.

—As a result of a quarrel on Monday night Leopoldi Poeti, aged 23, an Italian and single, employed on the work at the new tunnel at Gallitzin, was shot five times, through the hands and chest, by an unknown negro. What started the trouble is not known, but as soon as he had shot the man the negro ran away and has not been heard from since Dr. McDonough was called and did all possible for the injured man, but his wounds were so bad that nothing could prevent his death and it came in a few hours afterwards.

—At night, during the past week, some young dare devil has been dressing in women's clothes of dark color and with a black shawl or wrap over his head. His costume is to revive "The Woman in Black." The other evening the police almost captured him, and a number of pereons were on the watch who swore they would put a ball through him if he crossed their path in such a disguise. The fellow who is doing this work is running a great rish, as his light might be put out in a flash. It is a dangerous sport.

—A very pretty wedding took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Dunkle, near Mingoville, Tuesday morning, Dec. 1, when their daughter, Martha, was united in marriage to P. F. Zonge, of Pittsburg. At 7 o'clock the contracting parties, with Elias Dunkle as groomsman and Miss Lydia Dunkle as bridesmaid, appeared before Rev. H. L. Crow who pronounced them man and wife. All then proceeded to the dining room where a fine breakfast was served. The happy couple left on the morning train for Pittsburg, where they will be at home to their friends at No. 135 Allegheny street. The groom is employed by Harbison Walker Co. The bride for several years filled a responsible position in the Watchman office, Bellefonte. They have the best wishes of their many friends.

PERSONALS

Mr. Peter Collins of Philadelphia was an arrival in town Thursday.

Miss Helen Schaeffer is visiting friends in Freeburg Snyder county.

Sidney Keiffer, of Tyrone, spent Sunday with his Bellefonte friends.

Ex-Sheriff Robert Cook, of Howard, was a Bellefonte visitor Saturday.

Miss Jennie Zimmerman spent Friday with friends in Lock Haven.

Dr. H. K. Hoy, of Altoona, was a business visitor in town Saturday.

Mrs. Robert M. Foster of State College spent Wednesday with friends in town.

Miss Blanch Shaughensey has returned home from a visit to Philadelphia.

Deputy Sheriff Harry Jackson made a business trip to Philipsburg, Wednesday.

Capt. W. A. Simpson, of Lock Haven, is visiting the Brockerhoff family in this place.

Geo. T. Bush attended the meeting of Jaffa temple in Altoona Wednesday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Horton S. Ray returned Thureday evening from their wedding tour.

Mrs. L. T. Munson returned Thursday evening from a visit to friends in Philadelphia.

W. O. Robinson, of Philipsburg, was in town last week, serving his country as a juryman.

M. M. Musser, of Bloomsburg, formerly of Aaronsburg, was the guest of Jared Harper Wednesday.

Theodore Woomer, who has been visiting friends in this place, has returned to his home in Houtz lale.

Wilson Gephart returned Thursday from a visit in Philadelphia, Newark, N. J., and Hartford, Conn.

Mrs. F. B. Stover has returned from an extended visit to her daughter Mrs. Harry Stover in Hagerstown, Ind.

Capt. W. C. Patterson, of State College, transacted business in town Friday.

Mrs. R. A. Beck departed last week for an extended visit to her parents in Philadelphia.

Boyd A. Musser, of York, Pa., was shaking hands with his old friends in Bellefonte Saturday.

Rev. J. Stanley West of Blanchard was a pleasant caller at this office while in town Monday.

Ex-County Commissioner, Thomas W. Fisher, of Unionville, transacted business in town Friday.

Miss Mary Blanchard was an arrival home Friday evening from Overbrooke where she has been visiting friends.

Mrs. F. W. Crider and daughter, Miss May returned home last week from a visit to Philadelphia and Atlantic City.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Undercoffer left Friday morning for Williamsport to attend the funeral of Mr. Undercoffer's aunt.

County Superintendent C. L. Gramley, of Rebersburg, spent Wednesday evening in Bellefonte with his uncle, Jared Harper.

Mr. A. G. Morris, of Tyrone, was in town Saturday looking after the interests of the American Lime and Stone company.

Miss Jennie Fauble was an arrival home Friday from Harrisburg, to spend Sunday with her parents Mr. and Mrs. M. Fauble.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Taylor left Monday morning for Trenton, New Jersey called there by the illness of Mrs. Taylors brother, Merty Cunningham Jr.,

Chas. W. Woodring, of Port Matilda, a son of H. C. Woodring who is quite well known throughout the county, was a visitor in town Saturday.

Miss Sue Danley of Pine Grove Mills, in company with Mrs. Hess, arrived home Thursday from an extended visit to friends in the Northern part of Ohio.

Messrs. Fred Beezer, Clay Rider, Charles Guisewhite and Allen Waite left Thursday for Altoona where they will be employed in the Glass works.

Mr. D. Frank Chase of Philadelphia, representing The Queen City Printing Ink Company was a pleasant caller at this office while in town Monday.

Mrs. Amos Mullen returned home Thursday evening from York and Philadelphia. She returned sooner than expected owing to the illness of her husband.

Col. and Mrs. James P. Coburn returned home Thursday morning from a three weeks visit to friends in Akron, Ohio. They had expected to reach home last evening but were delayed at Pittsburg.

Prof. Christy Smith leader of the Bellefonte orchestra, transacted business at State College Friday. The orchestra of which he is leader is making quite a reputation and on Dec. 18th, will play for a dance at State College.

I. S. Frain, of Abdera; James Keller, of Centre Hall; W. H. Miller, of Axe Mann; and George Goodhart, of Centre Hill, attended a meeting of the board of directors of the Centre County Grange Insurance company at this place Friday.

THE OLD RELIABLE

Absolutely Pure

THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE

John A. Daley of Romola spent Tuesday in town.

Ex-Senator W. C. Heinle spent Monday in Lock Haven.

Hon. John G. Love was a business visitor in Altoona Monday.

Mr. Claude Cook is a business visitor in Philadelphia this week.

Miss Mary Delaney of Milesburg was in town shopping Tuesday.

Clement Dale Esq., transacted legal business in Philipsburg Tuesday

Mr. and Mrs. John Wilson attended the funeral Monday of Mrs. Barr at Boalsburg.

W. Harrison Walker attended the Elks Union Memorial service Sunday at Lock Haven.

Mrs. Mary Bauer, of Jersey Shore, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Julia Walsh on High street.

Messrs. Charles R. Kurtz and Charley Mensch have arrived home from a business trip to Philadelphia.

J. W. Shamp, of Jacksonville, was a business visitor in Bellefonte Wednesday.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following real estate transfers was recorded during the past week by Recorder J. C. Rowe.

W. C. Heinle to The Tyrone Mining and Mf'g Co, Dec 5 1902, land in Half Moon Twp; consideration $1.00

Geo. W. McGaffey et ux to Centre and Clearfield Street Railway Co., Aug 10th 1903, lot in Philipsburg; consideration $500

E. H. Meyer et ux to Henry Meyer, Sept 16 1903, 48 acres in Miles Twp; consideration $1500

Edith W. Cleaver et al to Christian Buck et al, Nov 5 1903, lot in Unionville Boro; consideration $500

Lehigh Valley Coal Co to Daniel F. Spencer, July 25th 1902, land in Snow Shoe Twp; consideration $126.15

Albert Owens et ux to Michael Moyer, Sept 4 1903, land in Rush Twp; consideration $30

Eugene F. Harvey et ux to Lilly Powell Aug 1 1903, lot in Philipsburg; consideration $1500

John J. Bower et ux et al to Laurelton Lumber Co., Oct 1 1903, land in Miles twp, consideration $1.00

Hiram Durst's heirs to John Smith, May 1 1903, land in Gregg twp; consideration $1500

Farmers and Mechanical Bank et al to Christian and Eva Sharrer, Oct 26 1903, track in Rush twp; consideration $3700

Peter M. Smith et ux to Mrs. Sidney Henson, dated Dec. 2 1903, lot in Bellefonte; consideration $700

Susan Stager to Hattie C. Kreamer, dated Aug. 22 1885, house and lot in Walker Twp; consideration $100

Philipsburg Coal and Land Co to Anna M. Gette, dated Nov. 25 1903, lot in Philipsburg; consideration $475

Philipsburg Coal and Land Co to Margaret M. Flegal, dated Nov. 25 1903, lot in Philipsburg; consideration $475

Philipsburg Coal and Land Co to Louisa C. Jones, dated Nov. 25 1903, lot in Philipsburg; consideration $475

—Mr. Al. C. Grove, a farmer and dairyman, living about a mile from Bellefonte on the road beyond the old Valentine furnace, had the misfortune Tuesday morning of having his right hand badly mutilated by a fodder shredding machine. Upon examination by Doctor's Kirk and Locke it was found necessary to amputate the hand at the wrist, and Mr. Groves condition today, is considered very critical. About a year ago, he had two fingers cut off the left hand while engaged at similar work.

—The Austrian Emperor the other day gave a golden chain to a widow at Braunau whose twelve sons, after serving in the army, have formed a military family band.

Remembers The Old School.

Charles A. McClure, a graduate of our High School, and afterwards of the University of Princeton and now a teacher in the Philippines remembers the old school and sends to D. F. Fortney, Esq.; to place among the various specimens of wood fourteen different varieties of the most valuable woods found in the island, and three specimens from other places, in all, seventeen specimens of wood. Among those from the Philippines is a piece of black wood (Camagan) as hard and almost as heavy as iron.

The various woods were presented with some flow geological specimens collected by Mr. Fortney in a neat address to the pupils on Monday afternoon.

In sending these specimens Mr. McClure writes under date of October 3d., 1903.

BUENAVISTA, GUMIARAS

Dear Mr. Fortney:

I have mailed to you today six packages containing a few specimens of the many different woods found in the island in the hope that they may prove interesting or instructive to the High School.

It was my intention to send a complete collection of all the classified woods but when I found that there were three hundred and seventy five different kinds I concluded to confine myself to those of some commercial value.

Three of the wood samples in the package I send today are not from the Philippines, a hard wood from Japan, a piece of sandle wood and a piece of campbor wood. The last two I found in Hong-Kong, Camphor wood is also found in Luzon.

I hope to [illegible] for home about the 1st of next April.

Very truly yours,

CHARLES A. MCCLURE.

The above is a manifestation of interest in the school and an example that could be followed by graduates and others to the profit of themselves and the benefit of the school.

The Matrimonial Market.

The following marriage licenses were sued during the past week by Register, A. G. Archey.

John A. Fye Minnie V. P. Borger	Moshannon "
Earle C. Tuten Rebecca Cole	Bellefonte "
John H. Turner Katheryn A. Irvin	Julian "
John Kelly Mattie Cowher	Worth Twp "
Samuel Trumble Susan K. Lilly	Morrisdale Hawk Run
Winfield Love Helen M. Pacini	Bellefonte "
Fred G. Scott Maude Haupt	Bellefonte "
Harry S. Kinkead Sara Leathers	Philipsburg "
Chas. W. Ebert Lettie Tharp	Spring Mills Shamokin
James Boal Lorena Faust	Colyer Spring Mills
P. F. Zonge Martha R. Dunkle	Pittsburg Bellefonte

Murder Near Grass Flat.

During the christening exercises at a Slav home at Grass Flat near Philipsburg, Sunday afternoon, George Hudok, of Pleasant Hill, shot and instantly killed a young man of the same nationality by the name of Thomas Korencick. The entire party had been drinking heavily and after the murder Hudok disappeared.

Constable Frank Gustofson was notified and went in search of the murderer. The officer visited the home and learned that Hudok had been there but a half hour previous. It is supposed the man is in hiding near his home and will be caught sooner or later.

There are few details to the murder as the Slavs are reticent and the officer was unable to gain any information as to the motive of the crime. Hudok has a family and has always bore the best kind of a reputation. He was upward of 50 years of age, about 5 feet, 4 inches tall, and was almost bald. The murdered man was about 24 years of age and unmarried.